

# **Encana Corporation**

Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

For the period ended December 31, 2013

(U.S. Dollars)

# Condensed Consolidated Statement of Earnings (unaudited)

		Three Mor		Twelve Mo Decem	31,	
(\$ millions, except per share amounts)		2013	2012	2013		2012
Revenues, Net of Royalties	(Note 3)	\$ 1,423	\$ 1,605	\$ 5,858	\$	5,160
Expenses	(Note 3)					
Production and mineral taxes		37	36	134		105
Transportation and processing		405	318	1,476		1,231
Operating		221	183	859		794
Purchased product		138	84	441		349
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		388	445	1,565		1,956
Impairments	(Note 8)	-	487	21		4,695
Accretion of asset retirement obligation	(Note 11)	13	13	53		53
Administrative	(Note 14)	167	93	439		392
Interest	(Note 5)	139	134	563		522
Foreign exchange (gain) loss, net	(Note 6)	160	58	325		(107)
Other		4	3	(6)		1_
		1,672	1,854	5,870		9,991
Net Earnings (Loss) Before Income Tax		(249)	(249)	(12)		(4,831)
Income tax expense (recovery)	(Note 7)	2	(169)	(248)		(2,037)
Net Earnings (Loss)		\$ (251)	\$ (80)	\$ 236	\$	(2,794)
Net Earnings (Loss) per Common Share	(Note 12)					
Basic		\$ (0.34)	\$ (0.11)	\$ 0.32	\$	(3.79)
Diluted		\$ (0.34)	\$ (0.11)	\$ 0.32	\$	(3.79)

# Condensed Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (unaudited)

		Three Mor	ths Ended	Twelve Mo	nths Ended
		Decem	ber 31,	Decem	ber 31,
(\$ millions)		2013	2012	2013	2012
Net Earnings (Loss)		\$ (251)	\$ (80)	\$ 236	\$ (2,794)
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net of Tax					
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(Note 13)	(27)	(5)	(46)	81
Pension and other post-employment benefit plans	(Notes 13, 16)	52	5	60	13
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)		25	-	14	94
Comprehensive Income (Loss)		\$ (226)	\$ (80)	\$ 250	\$ (2,700)

1

# Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet (unaudited)

		As at	I	As at
		December 31,	l	ember 31,
(\$ millions)		2013		2012
Assets				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 2,566	\$	3,179
Accounts receivable and accrued revenues		988		1,236
Risk management	(Note 18)	56		479
Income tax receivable	, ,	562		560
Deferred income taxes		118		23
		4,290		5,477
Property, Plant and Equipment, at cost:	(Note 8)			
Natural gas and oil properties, based on full cost accounting	, ,			
Proved properties		51,603		50,953
Unproved properties		1,068		1,295
Other		3,148		3,379
Property, plant and equipment		55,819		55,627
Less: Accumulated depreciation, depletion and amortization		(45,784)		(45,876)
Property, plant and equipment, net	(Note 3)	10,035		9,751
Cash in Reserve		10		54
Other Assets		526		466
Risk Management	(Note 18)	204		111
Deferred Income Taxes		939		1,116
Goodwill	(Note 3)	1,644		1,725
	(Note 3)	\$ 17,648	\$	18,700
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$ 1,895	\$	2,003
Income tax payable		29	*	45
Risk management	(Note 18)	25		5
Current portion of long-term debt	(Note 9)	1,000		500
Deferred income taxes	(11010-0)	3		59
2010.1104 111061110441100		2,952		2,612
Long-Term Debt	(Note 9)	6,124		7,175
Other Liabilities and Provisions	(Note 10)	2,520		2,672
Risk Management	(Note 18)	5		10
Asset Retirement Obligation	(Note 11)	900		936
	, , , ,	12,501		13,405
Commitments and Contingencies	(Note 19)	,		
Shareholders' Equity				
Share capital - authorized unlimited common shares, without par value				
2013 issued and outstanding: 740.9 million shares (2012: 736.3 million shares)	(Note 12)	2,445		2,354
Paid in surplus	7	15		10
Retained earnings		2,003		2,261
Accumulated other comprehensive income	(Note 13)	684		670
Total Shareholders' Equity	,/	5,147		5,295
. ,		\$ 17,648	\$	18,700

# Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity (unaudited)

					Accumulated Other	Total
Turke Martha Fridad Baserikar 04, 0040 c		Share	Paid in	Retained	Comprehensive	
Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2013 (s	\$ millions)	Capital	Surplus	Earnings	Income	Equity
Balance, December 31, 2012		\$ 2,354 \$	10 \$	2,261	\$ 670	\$ 5,295
Share-Based Compensation	(Note 15)	-	3	-	-	3
Net Earnings (Loss)		-	-	236	-	236
Common Shares Cancelled	(Note 12)	(2)	2	-	-	-
Dividends on Common Shares	(Note 12)	-	-	(494)	-	(494)
Common Shares Issued Under Dividend Reinvestment Plan	(Note 12)	93	-	-		93
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	(Note 13)	-	-	-	14	14
Balance, December 31, 2013		\$ 2,445 \$	15 \$	2,003	\$ 684	\$ 5,147

						Accumulated Other	Total
		Share	<b>:</b>	Paid in	Retained	Comprehensive	Shareholders'
Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2012 (	\$ millions)	Capital		Surplus	Earnings	Income	Equity
Balance, December 31, 2011	\$	2,354	\$	5	\$ 5,643	\$ 576	\$ 8,578
Share-Based Compensation	(Note 15)	-		5	-	-	5
Net Earnings (Loss)		-		-	(2,794)	-	(2,794)
Dividends on Common Shares	(Note 12)	-		-	(588)	-	(588)
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	(Note 13)	-		-	-	94	94
Balance, December 31, 2012	\$	2,354	\$	10	\$ 2,261	\$ 670	\$ 5,295

# Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (unaudited)

				nths Ended lber 31,	Twelve Mo	nths Ende	∍d
(\$ millions)			2013	2012	2013		2012
Operating Activities							
Net earnings (loss)		\$	(251)	\$ (80)	\$ 236	\$ (2	2,794)
Depreciation, depletion and amortization			388	445	1,565	1	1,956
Impairments	(Note 8)		-	487	21	4	4,695
Accretion of asset retirement obligation	(Note 11)		13	13	53		53
Deferred income taxes	(Note 7)		27	(231)	(57)	(1	1,837)
Unrealized (gain) loss on risk management	(Note 18)		301	114	345	1	1,465
Unrealized foreign exchange (gain) loss	(Note 6)		147	58	330		(112)
Other			41	(10)	55		82
Net change in other assets and liabilities			(21)	(23)	(80)		(78)
Net change in non-cash working capital			(183)	(56)	(179)		(323)
Cash From (Used in) Operating Activities			462	717	2,289	3	3,107
Investing Activities							
Capital expenditures	(Note 3)		(717)	(780)	(2,712)	(3	3,476)
Acquisitions	(Note 4)		(23)	(18)	(184)		(379)
Proceeds from divestitures	(Note 4)		95	1,345	705		4,043
Cash in reserve			24	4	44		415
Net change in investments and other			65	31	252		(242)
Cash From (Used in) Investing Activities			(556)	582	(1,895)		361
Financing Activities							
Issuance of revolving long-term debt			-	-	-	1	1,721
Repayment of revolving long-term debt			-	-	-	(1	1,724)
Repayment of long-term debt	(Note 9)		(500)	-	(500)		(503)
Dividends on common shares	(Note 12)		(39)	(147)	(401)		(588)
Capital lease payments			(5)	(3)	(8)		(17)
Cash From (Used in) Financing Activities			(544)	(150)	(909)	(1	1,111)
Foreign Exchange Gain (Loss) on Cash and Cash							
Equivalents Held in Foreign Currency			(54)	(9)	(98)		22
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents			(692)	1,140	(613)	2	2,379
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Period			3,258	2,039	3,179		800
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Period		\$	2,566	\$ 3,179	\$ 2,566	\$ 3	3,179
Cook End of Pariod		•	404	¢ 00	¢ 464	<b>6</b>	00
Cash, End of Period		\$	161		\$ 161		92
Cash Equivalents, End of Period		¢	2,405 2,566	3,087	2,405		3,087
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Period		\$	2,500	\$ 3,179	\$ 2,566	φ	3,179

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

#### 1. Basis of Presentation

Encana Corporation and its subsidiaries ("Encana" or "the Company") are in the business of the exploration for, the development of, and the production and marketing of natural gas, oil and natural gas liquids ("NGLs"). The term liquids is used to represent Encana's oil, NGLs and condensate.

The interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of Encana and are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("U.S. GAAP").

The interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared following the same accounting policies and methods of computation as the annual audited Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2012, except as noted below in Note 2. The disclosures provided below are incremental to those included with the annual audited Consolidated Financial Statements. Certain information and disclosures normally required to be included in the notes to the annual audited Consolidated Financial Statements have been condensed or have been disclosed on an annual basis only. Accordingly, the interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the annual audited Consolidated Financial Statements and the notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2012.

These unaudited interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements reflect, in the opinion of Management, all normal and recurring adjustments necessary to present fairly the financial position and results of the Company as at and for the periods presented.

## 2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

#### **Changes in Accounting Policies and Practices**

On January 1, 2013, Encana adopted the following accounting standards updates issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB"), which have not had a material impact on the Company's interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements:

- Accounting Standards Update 2011-11, "Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities", and Accounting Standards
  Update 2013-01, "Clarifying the Scope of Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities", require disclosure of both
  gross and net information about certain financial instruments eligible for offset in the balance sheet and certain financial
  instruments subject to master netting arrangements. The amendments have been applied retrospectively.
- Accounting Standards Update 2013-02, "Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income", requires enhanced disclosures about amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income. The amendments have been applied prospectively.

### **New Standards Issued Not Yet Adopted**

As of January 1, 2014, Encana will be required to adopt the following accounting standards updates issued by the FASB, which are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements:

- Accounting Standards Update 2013-04, "Obligations Resulting from Joint and Several Liability Arrangements for Which the
  Total Amount of the Obligation is Fixed at the Reporting Date", clarifies guidance for the recognition, measurement and
  disclosure of liabilities resulting from joint and several liability arrangements. The amendments will be applied
  retrospectively.
- Accounting Standards Update 2013-05, "Parent's Accounting for the Cumulative Translation Adjustment upon
  Derecognition of Certain Subsidiaries or Groups of Assets within a Foreign Entity or of an Investment in a Foreign Entity",
  clarifies the applicable guidance for certain transactions that result in the release of the cumulative translation adjustment
  into net earnings. The amendments will be applied prospectively.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

# 2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

#### New Standards Issued Not Yet Adopted (continued)

 Accounting Standards Update 2013-11, "Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists", clarifies that a liability related to an unrecognized tax benefit or portions thereof should be presented as a reduction to a deferred tax asset for a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss or a tax credit carryforward, except under specific situations. The amendments will be applied prospectively.

# 3. Segmented Information

Encana's reportable segments are determined based on the Company's operations and geographic locations as follows:

- Canadian Division includes the exploration for, development of, and production of natural gas, oil and NGLs and other related activities within the Canadian cost centre.
- **USA Division** includes the exploration for, development of, and production of natural gas, oil and NGLs and other related activities within the U.S. cost centre.
- Market Optimization is primarily responsible for the sale of the Company's proprietary production. These results are included in the Canadian and USA Divisions. Market optimization activities include third party purchases and sales of product that provide operational flexibility for transportation commitments, product type, delivery points and customer diversification. These activities are reflected in the Market Optimization segment. Market Optimization sells substantially all of the Company's upstream production to third party customers. Transactions between segments are based on market values and are eliminated on consolidation.

Corporate and Other mainly includes unrealized gains or losses recorded on derivative financial instruments. Once the instruments are settled, the realized gains and losses are recorded in the reporting segment to which the derivative instrument relates.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

# 3. Segmented Information (continued)

# Results of Operations (For the three months ended December 31)

### **Segment and Geographic Information**

	Canadia	an Division	ι	JSA	Division	Market (	Optimization
	2013	2012	20	13	2012	2013	2012
Revenues, Net of Royalties	\$ 845	\$ 736	\$ 6	91	\$ 857	\$ 155	\$ 99
Expenses							
Production and mineral taxes	4	2		33	34	-	-
Transportation and processing	225	160	1	75	162	-	-
Operating	90	81	1	80	87	12	10
Purchased product	-	-		-	-	138	84
	526	493	3	75	574	5	5
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	156	176	1	95	238	3	3
Impairments	-	-		-	456	-	<u> </u>
	\$ 370	\$ 317	\$ 1	80	\$ (120)	\$ 2	\$ 2

		Corpora	ate & C	ther	Cons	olida	ted
		2013		2012	2013		2012
Revenues, Net of Royalties	\$	(268)	\$	(87)	\$ 1,423	\$	1,605
Expenses							
Production and mineral taxes		-		-	37		36
Transportation and processing		5		(4)	405		318
Operating		11		5	221		183
Purchased product		-		-	138		84
		(284)		(88)	622		984
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		34		28	388		445
Impairments		-		31	-		487
	\$	(318)	\$	(147)	234		52
Accretion of asset retirement obligation					13		13
Administrative					167		93
Interest					139		134
Foreign exchange (gain) loss, net					160		58
Other					4		3
			•	·	483		301
Net Earnings (Loss) Before Income Tax				·	(249)		(249)
Income tax expense (recovery)					2		(169)
Net Earnings (Loss)	_			·	\$ (251)	\$	(80)

### Intersegment Information

Market Optimization

		Marketi	ng S	Sales	Ī	Upstream I	Elim	inations		To	otal	
		2013		2012		2013		2012	2	013		2012
Revenues, Net of Royalties	\$	1,466	\$	1,283	\$	(1,311)	\$	(1,184)	\$	155	\$	99
Expenses												
Transportation and processing	_	131		132		(131)		(132)		-		-
Operating	_	20		21		(8)		(11)		12		10
Purchased product	_	1,306		1,112		(1,168)		(1,028)		138		84
Operating Cash Flow	\$	9	\$	18	\$	(4)	\$	(13)	\$	5	\$	5

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

# 3. Segmented Information (continued)

Results of Operations (For the twelve months ended December 31)

### **Segment and Geographic Information**

	Canadia	an Division	USA	Division	Market (	Optimization
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
Revenues, Net of Royalties	\$ 2,824	\$ 2,760	\$ 2,763	\$ 3,365	\$ 512	\$ 419
Expenses						
Production and mineral taxes	15	9	119	96	-	-
Transportation and processing	756	555	722	652	-	-
Operating	372	352	411	377	38	48
Purchased product	-	-	-	-	441	349
	1,681	1,844	1,511	2,240	33	22
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	601	748	818	1,102	12	12
Impairments	-	1,822	-	2,842	-	-
	\$ 1,080	\$ (726)	\$ 693	\$ (1,704)	\$ 21	\$ 10

	Cor	pora	ate &	Other	Cons	olida	ted
	20	13		2012	2013		2012
Revenues, Net of Royalties	\$ (2	41)	\$	(1,384)	\$ 5,858	\$	5,160
Expenses							
Production and mineral taxes		-		-	134		105
Transportation and processing		(2)		24	1,476		1,231
Operating		38		17	859		794
Purchased product		-		-	441		349
	(2	77)		(1,425)	2,948		2,681
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	1	34		94	1,565		1,956
Impairments		21		31	21		4,695
	\$ (4	32)	\$	(1,550)	1,362		(3,970)
Accretion of asset retirement obligation					53		53
Administrative					439		392
Interest					563		522
Foreign exchange (gain) loss, net					325		(107)
Other					(6)		1_
					1,374		861
Net Earnings (Loss) Before Income Tax	_				(12)		(4,831)
Income tax expense (recovery)					(248)		(2,037)
Net Earnings (Loss)					\$ 236	\$	(2,794)

# Intersegment Information

Market Optimization

				iviai ket C	pumzauon			
	Marketi	ng Sal	es	Upstream	Eliminations	Total		
	2013		2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Revenues, Net of Royalties	\$ 5,662	\$	4,260	\$ (5,150)	\$ (3,841)	\$ 512	\$ 419	
Expenses								
Transportation and processing	516		528	(516)	(528)	-	-	
Operating	75		84	(37)	(36)	38	48	
Purchased product	4,993		3,593	(4,552)	(3,244)	441	349	
Operating Cash Flow	\$ 78	\$	55	\$ (45)	\$ (33)	\$ 33	\$ 22	

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

### 3. Segmented Information (continued)

#### **Capital Expenditures**

	-	Three Moi	nths Ended	Twelve Months Ended			
		Decem	nber 31,	December 31,			
		2013	2012	2013	2012		
Canadian Division	\$	354	\$ 373	\$ 1,365	\$ 1,567		
USA Division		343	352	1,283	1,727		
Market Optimization		1	-	3	7		
Corporate & Other		19	55	61	175		
	\$	717	\$ 780	\$ 2,712	\$ 3,476		

#### Goodwill, Property, Plant and Equipment and Total Assets by Segment

	Goo	dwill	Property, Plant	and Equipment	Total Assets				
	As	at	As	at	As at				
	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,			
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012			
Canadian Division	\$ 1,171	\$ 1,252	\$ 2,728	\$ 2,960	\$ 4,452	\$ 4,748			
USA Division	473	473	5,127	4,405	6,350	5,664			
Market Optimization	-	-	91	106	161	161			
Corporate & Other	-	-	2,089	2,280	6,685	8,127			
	\$ 1,644	\$ 1,725	\$ 10,035	\$ 9,751	\$ 17,648	\$ 18,700			

### 4. Acquisitions and Divestitures

	Three Mor	nths Ended	Twelve Mo	nths Ended
	 Decem	ber 31,	Decem	ber 31,
	 2013	2012	2013	2012
Acquisitions				
Canadian Division	\$ 11	\$ 8	\$ 28	\$ 139
USA Division	12	10	156	240
Total Acquisitions	23	18	184	379
Divestitures				
Canadian Division	(93)	(1,265)	(685)	(3,770)
USA Division	(2)	(80)	(18)	(271)
Corporate & Other	-	-	(2)	(2)
Total Divestitures	(95)	(1,345)	(705)	(4,043)
Net Acquisitions & (Divestitures)	\$ (72)	\$ (1,327)	\$ (521)	\$ (3,664)

#### Acquisitions

For the three and twelve months ended December 31, 2013, acquisitions in the Canadian and USA Divisions totaled \$23 million and \$184 million, respectively (2012 - \$18 million and \$379 million, respectively), which primarily included land and property purchases with oil and liquids rich natural gas production potential.

#### **Divestitures**

For the three and twelve months ended December 31, 2013, divestitures in the Canadian Division were \$93 million and \$685 million, respectively. During the twelve months ended December 31, 2013, divestitures included the sale of the Company's Jean Marie natural gas assets in the Greater Sierra resource play in northeast British Columbia and other assets.

For the twelve months ended December 31, 2012, divestitures in the Canadian Division were \$3,770 million, which primarily included C\$1.18 billion received from a PetroChina Company Limited subsidiary, C\$1.45 billion received from a Mitsubishi Corporation subsidiary, C\$100 million received from a Toyota Tsusho Corporation subsidiary and approximately C\$920 million received from the sale of two natural gas processing plants.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

### 4. Acquisitions and Divestitures (continued)

#### **Divestitures** (continued)

For the three and twelve months ended December 31, 2013, divestitures in the USA Division were \$2 million and \$18 million, respectively. For the twelve months ended December 31, 2012, divestitures in the USA Division were \$271 million, which primarily included proceeds of \$114 million received from the remainder of the North Texas asset sale.

Amounts received from these transactions have been deducted from the respective Canadian and U.S. full cost pools.

5. Interest					
	Three Mor	nths Ended	Twelve Mo	nths E	nded
	 Decem	ber 31,	Decem	nber 31	,
	2013	2012	2013		2012
Interest Expense on:					
Debt	\$ 112	\$ 119	\$ 460	\$	474
The Bow office building	20	9	76		16
Capital leases and other	7	6	27		32
	\$ 139	\$ 134	\$ 563	\$	522

Interest on The Bow office building and capital leases and other were previously reported together in other interest expense in 2012.

# 6. Foreign Exchange (Gain) Loss, Net

	Three Mo	nths Ended	Twelve Months Ended				
	 Decem	nber 31,	December 31,				
	2013	2012	2013	2012			
Unrealized Foreign Exchange (Gain) Loss on:							
Translation of U.S. dollar debt issued from Canada	\$ 156	\$ 69	\$ 349	\$ (131)			
Translation of U.S. dollar risk management contracts				, ,			
issued from Canada	(9)	(11)	(19)	19			
	147	58	330	(112)			
Foreign Exchange on Intercompany Transactions	-	11	-	4			
Other Monetary Revaluations and Settlements	13	(11)	(5)	1			
	\$ 160	\$ 58	\$ 325	\$ (107)			

# 7. Income Taxes

		nths Ended	Twelve Months Ended December 31.				
	 Decem		Decem				
	 2013	2012	2013	2012			
Current Tax							
Canada	\$ 19	\$ 58	\$ (152)	\$ (219)			
United States	(50)	(1)	(64)	(25)			
Other Countries	6	5	25	44			
Total Current Tax Expense (Recovery)	(25)	62	(191)	(200)			
Deferred Tax							
Canada	(151)	(72)	(106)	(902)			
United States	97	110	52	(935)			
Other Countries	81	(269)	(3)	-			
Total Deferred Tax Expense (Recovery)	27	(231)	(57)	(1,837)			
	\$ 2	\$ (169)	\$ (248)	\$ (2,037)			

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

## 8. Property, Plant and Equipment, Net

	As a	t De	cember 31, 201	3		As	at D	ecember 31, 2012			
		Ac	cumulated		Accumulated						
	Cost		DD&A (1)	Net		Cost		DD&A (1)	Net		
Canadian Division											
Proved properties	\$ 25,003	\$	(23,012) \$	1,991	\$	26,024	\$	(23,962) \$	2,062		
Unproved properties	598		-	598		716		-	716		
Other	139		-	139		182		-	182		
	25,740		(23,012)	2,728		26,922		(23,962)	2,960		
USA Division											
Proved properties	26,529		(22,074)	4,455		24,825		(21,236)	3,589		
Unproved properties	470		-	470		579		-	579		
Other	202		-	202		237		-	237		
	27,201		(22,074)	5,127		25,641		(21,236)	4,405		
Market Optimization	223		(132)	91		235		(129)	106		
Corporate & Other	2,655		(566)	2,089		2,829		(549)	2,280		
	\$ 55,819	\$	(45,784) \$	10,035	\$	55,627	\$	(45,876) \$	9,751		

<sup>(1)</sup> Depreciation, depletion and amortization.

The Canadian Division and USA Division property, plant and equipment include internal costs directly related to exploration, development and construction activities of \$372 million which have been capitalized during the twelve months ended December 31, 2013 (2012 - \$471 million). Included in Corporate and Other are \$71 million (2012 - \$104 million) of international property costs, which have been fully impaired.

For the three months ended December 31, 2012, the Company recognized a ceiling test impairment of nil in the Canadian cost centre and \$456 million in the U.S. cost centre. For the twelve months ended December 31, 2012, the Company recognized a ceiling test impairment of \$1,822 million in the Canadian cost centre and \$2,842 million in the U.S. cost centre. The impairments resulted primarily from the decline in the 12-month average trailing natural gas prices which reduced proved reserves volumes and values.

The 12-month average trailing prices used in the ceiling test calculations reflect benchmark prices adjusted for basis differentials to determine local reference prices, transportation costs and tariffs, heat content and quality. At December 31, 2013, the 12-month average trailing prices used in the Canadian cost centre ceiling test calculation were C\$3.14/MMBtu for AECO (2012 - C\$2.35/MMBtu) and C\$93.44/bbl for Edmonton Light Sweet (2012 - C\$87.42/bbl). At December 31, 2013, the 12-month average trailing prices used in the U.S. cost centre ceiling test calculation were \$3.67/MMBtu for Henry Hub (2012 - \$2.76/MMBtu) and \$96.94/bbl for WTI (2012 - \$94.71/bbl).

#### **Capital Lease Arrangements**

The Company has several lease arrangements that are accounted for as capital leases, including an office building, equipment and an offshore production platform.

In December 2013, Encana commenced commercial operations at its Deep Panuke facility located offshore Nova Scotia following successful completion of the Production Field Centre ("PFC") and issuance of the Production Acceptance Notice. As at December 31, 2013, Canadian Division property, plant and equipment and total assets include the PFC, which is under a capital lease totaling \$536 million. As at December 31, 2012, \$612 million in accumulated costs related to the PFC were recorded as an asset under construction.

## Other Arrangement

As at December 31, 2013, Corporate and Other property, plant and equipment and total assets include Encana's accumulated costs to date of \$1,617 million (2012 - \$1,668 million) related to The Bow office building. In 2012, Encana assumed partial occupancy of The Bow office premises and commenced payments to the third party developer under a 25-year lease agreement. As of March 31, 2013, Encana had assumed full occupancy of the building. The Bow asset is being depreciated over the 60-year estimated life of the building. At the conclusion of the 25-year term, the remaining asset and corresponding liability are expected to be derecognized as disclosed in Note 10.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

## 8. Property, Plant and Equipment, Net (continued)

Liabilities for the capital lease arrangements and The Bow office building are included in other liabilities and provisions in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet and are disclosed in Note 10.

# 9. Long-Term Debt

				l .
		C\$	As at	
		Principal	December 31,	
		Amount	2013	2012
Canadian Dollar Denominated Debt				
5.80% due January 18, 2018	\$	750	\$ 705	\$ 754
	\$	750	705	754
U.S. Dollar Denominated Debt				
4.75% due October 15, 2013			-	500
5.80% due May 1, 2014			1,000	1,000
5.90% due December 1, 2017			700	700
6.50% due May 15, 2019			500	500
3.90% due November 15, 2021			600	600
8.125% due September 15, 2030			300	300
7.20% due November 1, 2031			350	350
7.375% due November 1, 2031			500	500
6.50% due August 15, 2034			750	750
6.625% due August 15, 2037			500	500
6.50% due February 1, 2038			800	800
5.15% due November 15, 2041			400	400
			6,400	6,900
Total Principal			7,105	7,654
Increase in Value of Debt Acquired			40	46
Debt Discounts			(21)	(25)
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt			(1,000)	(500)
	_		\$ 6,124	\$ 7,175

Long-term debt is accounted for at amortized cost using the effective interest method of amortization. As at December 31, 2013, total long-term debt had a carrying value of \$7,124 million and a fair value of \$7,805 million (2012 - \$7,675 million carrying value and a fair value of \$9,043 million). The estimated fair value of long-term borrowings is categorized within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy and has been determined based on market information or by discounting future payments of interest and principal at interest rates expected to be available to the Company at period end.

# 10. Other Liabilities and Provisions

	Dece	As at mber 31, 2013	Dece	As at ember 31, 2012
The Bow Office Building (See Note 8) Asset under Construction - Production Field Centre (See Note 8) Capital Lease Obligations (See Note 8) Unrecognized Tax Benefits Pensions and Other Post-Employment Benefits Other	\$	1,631 - 544 133 110 102	\$	1,674 612 69 134 165 18
	\$	2,520	\$	2,672

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

### 10. Other Liabilities and Provisions (continued)

#### The Bow Office Building

As described in Note 8, Encana has recognized the accumulated costs for The Bow office building as an asset with a related liability. In 2012, Encana commenced payments to the third party developer under a 25-year agreement. At the conclusion of the 25-year term, the remaining asset and corresponding liability are expected to be derecognized. Encana has also subleased part of The Bow office space to a subsidiary of Cenovus Energy Inc. ("Cenovus"). The total undiscounted future payments related to the lease agreement and the total undiscounted future amounts expected to be recovered from the Cenovus sublease are outlined below.

(undiscounted)	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	Thereafter	Total
Expected future lease payments	\$ 87	\$ 87	\$ 88	\$ 89	\$ 90	\$ 1,893	\$ 2,334
Sublease recoveries	\$ (43)	\$ (43)	\$ (44)	\$ (44)	\$ (44)	\$ (939)	\$ (1,157)

#### **Capital Lease Obligations**

As described in Note 8, the PFC commenced commercial operations in December 2013. Accordingly, Encana derecognized the asset under construction and related liability and recorded the PFC as a capital lease asset with a corresponding capital lease obligation. Under the lease contract, Encana has a purchase option and the option to extend the lease for 12 one-year terms at fixed prices after the initial lease term expires in 2021. As a result, the lease contract qualifies as a variable interest and the related leasing entity qualifies as a variable interest entity ("VIE"). Encana is not the primary beneficiary of the VIE as the Company does not have the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance. Encana is not required to provide any financial support or guarantees to the lease entity and its affiliates, other than the contractual payments under the lease and operating contracts.

The total expected future lease payments related to the Company's capital lease obligations are outlined below.

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	Thereafter	Total
Expected future lease payments Less amounts representing	\$ 106	\$ 93	\$ 93	\$ 94	\$ 94	\$ 315	\$ 795
interest	40	32	28	25	20	40	185
Present value of expected							
future lease payments	\$ 66	\$ 61	\$ 65	\$ 69	\$ 74	\$ 275	\$ 610

### 11. Asset Retirement Obligation

	Dece	As at mber 31, 2013	Dec	As at ember 31, 2012
Asset Retirement Obligation, Beginning of Year Liabilities Incurred Liabilities Settled Change in Estimated Future Cash Outflows Accretion Expense Foreign Currency Translation Asset Retirement Obligation, End of Year	\$	969 38 (126) 68 53 (36)	\$	921 43 (90) 28 53 14 969
Current Portion	\$ \$	66	\$ \$	33
Long-Term Portion	\$	900	\$	936 969

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

### 12. Share Capital

#### **Authorized**

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of no par value common shares, an unlimited number of first preferred shares and an unlimited number of second preferred shares.

#### **Issued and Outstanding**

	As at	t	As at				
	December 3	31, 2013	December	31, 2012			
	Number		Number				
	(millions)	Amount	(millions)	Amount			
Common Shares Outstanding, Beginning of Year	736.3 \$	2,354	736.3	\$ 2,354			
Common Shares Cancelled	(8.0)	(2)	-	-			
Common Shares Issued Under Dividend Reinvestment Plan	5.4	93	=	-			
Common Shares Outstanding, End of Year	740.9 \$	2,445	736.3	\$ 2,354			

During the twelve months ended December 31, 2013, Encana cancelled 767,327 common shares reserved for issuance to shareholders upon exchange of predecessor companies' shares. In accordance with the terms of the merger agreement which formed Encana, shares which have remained unexchanged were extinguished. Accordingly, the weighted average book value of the common shares extinguished of \$2 million has been transferred to paid in surplus.

During the three months ended December 31, 2013, Encana issued 707,721 common shares totaling \$13 million under the Company's dividend reinvestment plan. During the twelve months ended December 31, 2013, Encana issued 5,385,845 common shares totaling \$93 million under the Company's dividend reinvestment plan.

#### **Dividends**

During the three months ended December 31, 2013, Encana paid dividends of \$0.07 per common share totaling \$52 million (2012 - \$0.20 per common share totaling \$147 million). During the twelve months ended December 31, 2013, Encana paid dividends of \$0.67 per common share totaling \$494 million (2012 - \$0.80 per common share totaling \$588 million).

For the three and twelve months ended December 31, 2013, the dividends paid included \$13 million and \$93 million, respectively, in common shares as disclosed above, which were issued in lieu of cash dividends under the Company's dividend reinvestment plan (2012 - nil).

#### **Earnings Per Common Share**

The following table presents the computation of net earnings per common share:

	Three Mon	ths Ended		Twelve Mo	Ended		
	 Decem	ber 31,		Decem	nber 31,		
(millions, except per share amounts)	2013	201	2	2013		2012	
Net Earnings (Loss)	\$ (251)	\$ (8	0) \$	236	\$	(2,794)	
Number of Common Shares:  Weighted average common shares outstanding - Basic  Effect of dilutive securities	740.4	736	3	737.7		736.3	
			-				
Weighted average common shares outstanding - Diluted	740.4	736.	3	737.7		736.3	
Net Earnings (Loss) per Common Share							
Basic	\$ (0.34)	\$ (0.1	1) \$	0.32	\$	(3.79)	
Diluted	\$ (0.34)	\$ (0.1	1) \$	0.32	\$	(3.79)	

### **Encana Stock Option Plan**

Encana has share-based compensation plans that allow employees to purchase common shares of the Company. Option exercise prices are not less than the market value of the common shares on the date the options are granted. All options outstanding as at December 31, 2013 have associated Tandem Stock Appreciation Rights ("TSARs") attached. In lieu of exercising the option, the associated TSARs give the option holder the right to receive a cash payment equal to the excess of the market price of Encana's common shares at the time of the exercise over the original grant price.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

### 12. Share Capital (continued)

#### **Encana Stock Option Plan (continued)**

In addition, certain stock options granted are performance-based whereby vesting is also subject to Encana attaining prescribed performance relative to predetermined key measures. Historically, most holders of options with TSARs have elected to exercise their stock options as a Stock Appreciation Right ("SAR") in exchange for a cash payment. As a result, Encana does not consider outstanding TSARs to be potentially dilutive securities.

#### **Encana Restricted Share Units ("RSUs")**

Encana has a share-based compensation plan whereby eligible employees are granted RSUs. An RSU is a conditional grant to receive an Encana common share, or the cash equivalent, as determined by Encana, upon vesting of the RSUs and in accordance with the terms of the RSU Plan and Grant Agreement. The Company intends to settle vested RSUs in cash on the vesting date. As a result, Encana does not consider RSUs to be potentially dilutive securities.

#### **Encana Share Units Held by Cenovus Employees**

On November 30, 2009, Encana completed a corporate reorganization to split into two independent publicly traded energy companies. Encana Corporation and Cenovus Energy Inc. (the "Split Transaction"). In conjunction with the Split Transaction, each holder of Encana share units disposed of their right in exchange for the grant of new Encana share units and Cenovus share units. Share units include TSARs, Performance TSARs, SARs, and Performance SARs. The terms and conditions of the share units are similar to the terms and conditions of the original share units.

With respect to the Encana share units held by Cenovus employees and the Cenovus share units held by Encana employees, both Encana and Cenovus have agreed to reimburse each other for share units exercised for cash by their respective employees. Accordingly, for Encana share units held by Cenovus employees, Encana has recorded a payable to Cenovus employees and a receivable due from Cenovus. The payable to Cenovus employees and the receivable due from Cenovus are based on the fair value of the Encana share units determined using the Black-Scholes-Merton model (See Notes 15 and 17). There is no impact on Encana's net earnings for the share units held by Cenovus employees. TSARs and Performance TSARs held by Cenovus employees will expire by December 2014.

Cenovus employees may exercise Encana TSARs and Encana Performance TSARs in exchange for Encana common shares. As at December 31, 2013, there were 1.5 million Encana TSARs and 2.4 million Encana Performance TSARs with a weighted average exercise price of C\$29.09 and C\$29.04, respectively, held by Cenovus employees, which were outstanding and exercisable.

13	5. <i>F</i>	Accumu	lated Other	Compre	hensive	Income
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	Three Mor	nthe	Ended	Twelve Months Ended					
	Decem				Decem		per 31.		
	 2013		2012		2013		2012		
Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment									
Balance, Beginning of Period	\$ 720	\$	744	\$	739	\$	658		
Current Period Change in Foreign Currency						,			
Translation Adjustment	(27)		(5)		(46)		81		
Balance, End of Period	\$ 693	\$	739	\$	693	\$	739		
Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans									
Balance, Beginning of Period	\$ (61)	\$	(74)	\$	(69)	\$	(82)		
Net Actuarial Gains and (Losses) and	, ,		, ,		` ′	,	` ,		
Plan Amendment (See Note 16)	65		3		65		3		
Income Taxes	(17)		(1)		(17)		(1)		
Reclassification of Net Actuarial (Gains) and									
Losses to Net Earnings (See Note 16)	-		4		11		15		
Income Taxes	-		(1)		(3)		(4)		
Settlement & Curtailment in Defined Benefit Plan									
Expense (See Note 16)	6		-		6		-		
Income Taxes	(2)		-		(2)				
Balance, End of Period	\$ (9)	\$	(69)	\$	(9)	\$	(69)		
Total Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	\$ 684	\$	670	\$	684	\$	670		

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

## 14. Restructuring Charges

In November 2013, Encana announced its plans to align the organizational structure in support of the new strategy and its intention to reduce the Company's workforce by approximately 20 percent. In conjunction with the restructuring, Encana also announced its plan to close the Company's office, located in Plano Texas, in 2014. For the twelve months ended December 31, 2013, Encana has incurred restructuring charges totaling \$88 million relating primarily to severance costs, which are included in administrative expenses in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statement of Earnings. Of the \$88 million in restructuring charges incurred to date, \$65 million remains accrued as at December 31, 2013. Total charges associated with the restructuring are anticipated to be complete in 2015 and are expected to be approximately \$130 million before tax.

### 15. Compensation Plans

Encana has a number of compensation arrangements under which the Company awards various types of long-term incentive grants to eligible employees. These primarily include TSARs, Performance TSARs, SARs, Performance SARs, Performance Share Units ("PSUs"), Deferred Share Units ("DSUs") and RSUs. These compensation arrangements are share-based.

Encana accounts for TSARs, Performance TSARs, SARs, Performance SARs, PSUs and RSUs held by Encana employees as cashsettled share-based payment transactions and accordingly, accrues compensation costs over the vesting period based on the fair value of the rights determined using the Black-Scholes-Merton and other fair value models.

As at December 31, 2013, the following weighted average assumptions were used to determine the fair value of the share units held by Encana employees:

	Encana US\$	Encana C\$	Cenovus C\$
	Share Units	Share Units	Share Units
Risk Free Interest Rate	1.09%	1.09%	1.09%
Dividend Yield	1.55%	1.50%	3.18%
Expected Volatility Rate	33.20%	30.42%	27.75%
Expected Term	1.8 yrs	1.7 yrs	0.1 yrs
Market Share Price	US\$18.05	C\$19.18	C\$30.40

The Company has recognized the following share-based compensation costs:

	Three Mor Decem		Twelve Mo Decem	nths Ended ber 31,	
	2013	2012	2013		2012
Compensation Costs of Transactions Classified as Cash-Settled	\$ 36	\$ (36)	\$ 63	\$	42
Compensation Costs of Transactions Classified as Equity-Settled (1)	(1)	3	3		5
Total Share-Based Compensation Costs	35	(33)	66		47
Less: Total Share-Based Compensation Costs Capitalized	(13)	9	(22)		(14)
Total Share-Based Compensation Expense	\$ 22	\$ (24)	\$ 44	\$	33
Recognized on the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Earnings in:					
Operating expense	\$ 10	\$ (15)	\$ 18	\$	13
Administrative expense	12	(9)	26		20
	\$ 22	\$ (24)	\$ 44	\$	33

<sup>(1)</sup> RSUs may be settled in cash or equity as determined by Encana. The Company's decision to cash settle RSUs was made subsequent to the original grant date.

As at December 31, 2013, the liability for share-based payment transactions totaled \$169 million, of which \$111 million is recognized in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

	As at	As at
	December 31,	December 31,
	2013	2012
Liability for Unvested Cash-Settled Share-Based Payment Transactions	\$ 121	\$ 85
Liability for Vested Cash-Settled Share-Based Payment Transactions	48	71
Liability for Cash-Settled Share-Based Payment Transactions	\$ 169	\$ 156

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

### 15. Compensation Plans (continued)

The following units were granted during the twelve months ended December 31, 2013. The TSARs and SARs were granted at the market price of Encana's common shares on the grant date.

Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2013 (thousands of units)

TSARs	10,644
SARs	5,048
PSUs	1,102
DSUs	184
RSUs	6,675

### 16. Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits

The Company has recognized total benefit plans expense which includes pension benefits and other post-employment benefits ("OPEB") for the twelve months ended December 31 as follows:

	Pension Benefits				OP	ΈB		Total			
	2013		2012		2013		2012		2013		2012
Defined Benefit Plan Expense	\$ 21	\$	6	\$	11	\$	18	\$	32	\$	24
Defined Contribution Plan Expense	43		44		-		-		43		44
Total Benefit Plans Expense	\$ 64	\$	50	\$	11	\$	18	\$	75	\$	68

Of the total benefit plans expense, \$60 million (2012 - \$55 million) was included in operating expense and \$15 million (2012 - \$13 million) was included in administrative expense.

The defined periodic pension and OPEB expense for the twelve months ended December 31 is as follows:

	Pensior	n B	Benefits		OP	EB		Total			
	2013	3	2012		2013	2012	2013			2012	
Current service costs	\$ 4	. 9	\$ 5	\$	12	\$ 14	\$	16	\$	S 19	
Interest cost	12	2	14		4	4		16		18	
Expected return on plan assets	(16	5)	(28)		-	-		(16)		(28)	
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other											
comprehensive income:											
Amortization of net actuarial (gains) and losses	11		15		-	-		11		15	
Settlement	5	5	-		-	-		5		-	
Curtailment	1		-		(5)	-		(4)		-	
Special termination benefits	4	ļ.	-		-	-		4			
Total Defined Benefit Plan Expense	\$ 21	9	\$ 6	\$	11	\$ 18	\$	32	\$	3 24	

The amounts recognized in other comprehensive income for the twelve months ended December 31 are as follows:

	Pension	Benefits	1	OP	EB	Total			
	2013	2012		2013	2012	2013	2012		
Net actuarial (gains) losses	\$ (46)	\$ 2	\$	(6)	\$ (5)	\$ (52)	\$ (3)		
Plan amendment		-		(13)	-	(13)	`-`		
Amortization of net actuarial gains and losses	(11)	(15	)	-	-	(11)	(15)		
Settlement	(5)	-		-	-	(5)	-		
Curtailment	(1)	-		-	-	(1)	-		
Total Amounts Recognized in Other									
Comprehensive (Income) Loss, Before Tax	\$ (63)	\$ (13	) \$	(19)	\$ (5)	\$ (82)	\$ (18)		
Total Amounts Recognized in Other									
Comprehensive (Income) Loss, After Tax	\$ (46)	\$ (9	) \$	(14)	\$ (4)	\$ (60)	\$ (13)		

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

#### 17. Fair Value Measurements

The fair values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accrued revenues, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their carrying amounts due to the short-term maturity of those instruments except for the amounts associated with share units issued as part of the Split Transaction, as disclosed below. The fair value of cash in reserve approximates its carrying amount due to the nature of the instrument held.

Recurring fair-value measurements are performed for risk management assets and liabilities and for share units resulting from the Split Transaction, which are discussed further in Notes 18 and 12, respectively. These items are carried at fair value in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet and are classified within the three levels of the fair value hierarchy in the tables below. There have been no transfers between the hierarchy levels during the period.

		Level 1								
		Quoted		Level 2	Level 3					
		Prices in		Other	Significan	:				
		Active	Ob	servable	Unobservable	:	Total Fair			Carrying
As at December 31, 2013	_	Markets	_	Inputs	Inputs	L	Value	Netting (4	1	Amount
Risk Management										
Risk Management Assets										
Current	\$	-	\$	71	\$ -	\$	71	\$ (15)	\$	56
Long-term		-		204	-		204	-		204
Risk Management Liabilities										
Current		-		38	2		40	(15)		25
Long-term		-		-	5		5	-		5
Share Units Resulting from the Split Transaction										
Encana Share Units Held by Cenovus Employees										
Accounts receivable and accrued revenues (1)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (2)		-		-	-		-	-		-
Cenovus Share Units Held by Encana Employees										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (3)		-		-	8		8	-		8

		Level 1 Quoted rices in Active	Obs	Level 2 Other servable	Level 3 Significan Unobservable		Total Fair	(4)	Carrying
As at December 31, 2012	N	Markets		Inputs	Inputs	<u> </u>	Value	Netting (4)	Amount
Risk Management Risk Management Assets									
Current	\$	2	\$	505	\$ -	\$	507	\$ (28)	\$ 479
Long-term Risk Management Liabilities		-		112	-		112	(1)	111
Current		-		25	8		33	(28)	5
Long-term		-		7	4		11	(1)	10
Share Units Resulting from the Split Transaction									
Encana Share Units Held by Cenovus Employees									
Accounts receivable and accrued revenues (1)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1	\$	1	\$ -	\$ 1
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (2)		-		-	1		1	-	1
Cenovus Share Units Held by Encana Employees									
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (3)		-		-	36		36	-	36

<sup>(1)</sup> Receivable from Cenovus.

<sup>(2)</sup> Payable to Cenovus employees.

<sup>(3)</sup> Payable to Cenovus.

<sup>(4)</sup> Netting to offset derivative assets and liabilities where the legal right and intention to offset exists, or where counterparty master netting arrangements contain provisions for net settlement.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

#### 17. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

The Company's Level 1 and Level 2 risk management assets and liabilities consist of commodity fixed price contracts and basis swaps with terms to 2016. The fair values of these contracts are based on a market approach and are estimated using inputs which are either directly or indirectly observable at the reporting date, such as exchange and other published prices, broker quotes and observable trading activity.

#### **Level 3 Fair Value Measurements**

As at December 31, 2013, the Company's Level 3 risk management assets and liabilities consist of power purchase contracts with terms to 2017. The fair values of the power purchase contracts are based on the income approach and are modelled internally using observable and unobservable inputs such as forward power prices in less active markets. The unobservable inputs are obtained from third parties whenever possible and reviewed by the Company for reasonableness.

Changes in amounts related to risk management assets and liabilities are recognized in revenues and transportation and processing expense according to their purpose. Changes in amounts related to share units resulting from the Split Transaction are recognized in operating expense, administrative expense and capitalized within property, plant and equipment as described in Note 15.

A summary of changes in Level 3 fair value measurements for the twelve months ended December 31 is presented below:

		Diek Mer	a a a a m a n t	Share Units Resulting from Split Transaction				
		2013	nagement 2012		2013	2012		
	_	2013	2012		2013	2012		
Balance, Beginning of Year	\$	(12)	\$ 18	\$	(36)	\$ (83)		
Total gains (losses)		3	(18)		16	4		
Purchases, issuances and settlements:								
Purchases		-	-		-	-		
Settlements		2	(12)		12	43		
Transfers in and out of Level 3		-	-		-	<u> </u>		
Balance, End of Year	\$	(7)	\$ (12)	\$	(8)	\$ (36)		
Change in unrealized gains (losses) related to								
assets and liabilities held at end of year	\$	(2)	\$ (21)	\$	20	\$ (7)		

Quantitative information about unobservable inputs used in Level 3 fair value measurements is presented below:

			As at	As at
			December 31,	December 31,
	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Input	2013	2012
Risk Management - Natural Gas Options	Option Model	Price volatility	-	0.3% - 28.3%
	Discounted	Forward prices		
Risk Management - Power	Cash Flow	(\$/Megawatt Hour)	\$49.25 - \$54.47	\$48.25 - \$57.97
Share Units Resulting from the Split Transaction	Option Model	Cenovus share unit volatility	27.75%	30.18%

A five percentage point increase or decrease in natural gas price volatility would cause no decrease or increase (2012 - nil) to net risk management assets. A 10 percent increase or decrease in estimated forward power prices would cause a corresponding \$7 million (2012 - \$6 million) increase or decrease to net risk management assets. A five percentage point increase or decrease in Cenovus share unit estimated volatility would cause no increase or decrease (2012 - \$2 million) to accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

### 18. Financial Instruments and Risk Management

#### A) Financial Instruments

Encana's financial assets and liabilities are recognized in cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accrued revenues, cash in reserve, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, risk management assets and liabilities and long-term debt.

#### B) Risk Management Assets and Liabilities

Risk management assets and liabilities arise from the use of derivative financial instruments and are measured at fair value. See Note 17 for a discussion of fair value measurements.

Unrealized Risk Management Position	As a	As at
	December 31	December 31,
	2013	2012
Risk Management Asset		
Current	\$ 56	\$ 479
Long-term	204	111
	260	590
Risk Management Liability		
Current	25	5
Long-term	5	10
	30	15
Net Risk Management Asset	\$ 230	\$ 575

#### Commodity Price Positions as at December 31, 2013

	Notional	Volumes	Term	Avera	ge Price	 Fair Value
Natural Gas Contracts Fixed Price Contracts						
NYMEX Fixed Price NYMEX Fixed Price	2,138 825	MMcf/d MMcf/d	2014 2015		US\$/Mcf US\$/Mcf	\$ (13) 65
Basis Contracts (1)			2014-2016			116
Natural Gas Fair Value Position						168
Crude Oil Contracts Fixed Price Contracts						
WTI Fixed Price	9.5	Mbbls/d	2014	94.19	US\$/bbl	(5)
Basis Contracts (2)			2014-2015			74
Crude Oil Fair Value Position						69
Power Purchase Contracts Fair Value Position						(7)
Total Fair Value Position						\$ 230

<sup>(1)</sup> Encana has entered into swaps to protect against widening natural gas price differentials in Canada. These basis swaps are priced using differentials determined as a percentage of NYMEX.

<sup>(2)</sup> Encana has entered into swaps to protect against widening oil price differentials between Brent and WTI. These basis swaps are priced using fixed price differentials.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

## 18. Financial Instruments and Risk Management (continued)

#### B) Risk Management Assets and Liabilities (continued)

#### Earnings Impact of Realized and Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Risk Management Positions

	Realized Gain (Loss)										
	Three Months Ended Twelve Months Ende										
		Decem	ber 31,		December 31,						
		2013	201	2	2013		2012				
Revenues, Net of Royalties	\$	175	\$ 41	9 \$	544	\$	2,149				
Transportation and Processing		(1)		1	-		12				
Gain (Loss) on Risk Management	\$	174	\$ 42	0 \$	544	\$	2,161				

	Unrealized Gain (Loss)									
	Three Months Ended Twelve Months Ende									
		Deceml	ber 31	,	December 31,					
		2013	2012		2013		2012			
Revenues, Net of Royalties	\$	(296)	\$	(118)	\$	(347)	\$	(1,441)		
Transportation and Processing		(5)		4		2		(24)		
Gain (Loss) on Risk Management	\$	(301)	\$	(114)	\$	(345)	\$	(1,465)		

### Reconciliation of Unrealized Risk Management Positions from January 1 to December 31

	20	2012	
		Total	Total
		Unrealized	Unrealized
	Fair Value	Gain (Loss)	Gain (Loss)
Fair Value of Contracts, Beginning of Year	\$ 575		
Change in Fair Value of Contracts in Place at Beginning of Year			
and Contracts Entered into During the Year	199	\$ 199	\$ 696
Fair Value of Contracts Realized During the Year	(544)	(544)	(2,161)
Fair Value of Contracts, End of Year	\$ 230	\$ (345)	\$ (1,465)

#### C) Risks Associated with Financial Assets and Liabilities

The Company is exposed to financial risks including market risks (such as commodity prices, foreign exchange and interest rates), credit risk and liquidity risk. Future cash flows may fluctuate due to movement in market prices and the exposure to credit and liquidity risks.

#### **Commodity Price Risk**

Commodity price risk arises from the effect fluctuations in future commodity prices may have on future cash flows. To partially mitigate exposure to commodity price risk, the Company has entered into various derivative financial instruments. The use of these derivative instruments is governed under formal policies and is subject to limits established by the Board. The Company's policy is to not use derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

Natural Gas - To partially mitigate natural gas commodity price risk, the Company uses contracts such as NYMEX-based swaps and options. Encana also enters into basis swaps to manage against widening price differentials between various production areas and various sales points.

Crude Oil - To help protect against widening crude oil price differentials between North American and world prices, the Company has entered into fixed price contracts and basis swaps.

Power - The Company has entered into Canadian dollar denominated derivative contracts to manage its electricity consumption costs.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

### 18. Financial Instruments and Risk Management (continued)

#### C) Risks Associated with Financial Assets and Liabilities (continued)

#### Commodity Price Risk (continued)

The table below summarizes the sensitivity of the fair value of the Company's risk management positions to fluctuations in commodity prices, with all other variables held constant. The Company has used a 10 percent variability to assess the potential impact of commodity price changes. Fluctuations in commodity prices could have resulted in unrealized gains (losses) impacting pre-tax net earnings as at December 31 as follows:

		20		2012				
	10	10% Price Increase						10% Price
								Decrease
Natural gas price	\$	(441)	\$	441	\$	(446)	\$	446
Crude oil price		(19)		19		(20)		20
Power price		7		(7)		6		(6)

#### **Credit Risk**

Credit risk arises from the potential that the Company may incur a loss if a counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its obligation in accordance with agreed terms. This credit risk exposure is mitigated through the use of Board-approved credit policies governing the Company's credit portfolio including credit practices that limit transactions according to counterparties' credit quality. Mitigation strategies may include master netting arrangements, requesting collateral and/or transacting credit derivatives. The Company executes commodity derivative financial instruments under master agreements that have netting provisions that provide for offsetting payables against receivables. As at December 31, 2013, the Company had no significant collateral balances posted or received and there were no credit derivatives in place.

As at December 31, 2013, cash equivalents include high-grade, short-term securities, placed primarily with financial institutions and companies with strong investment grade ratings. Any foreign currency agreements entered into are with major financial institutions in Canada and the U.S. or with counterparties having investment grade credit ratings.

A substantial portion of the Company's accounts receivable are with customers in the oil and gas industry and are subject to normal industry credit risks. As at December 31, 2013, approximately 87 percent (2012 - 88 percent) of Encana's accounts receivable and financial derivative credit exposures were with investment grade counterparties.

As at December 31, 2013, Encana had four counterparties (2012 - two counterparties) whose net settlement position individually accounted for more than 10 percent of the fair value of the outstanding in-the-money net risk management contracts by counterparty. As at December 31, 2013, these counterparties accounted for 24 percent, 14 percent, 14 percent and 13 percent (2012 - 22 percent and 15 percent) of the fair value of the outstanding in-the-money net risk management contracts.

#### **Liquidity Risk**

Liquidity risk arises from the potential that the Company will encounter difficulties in meeting a demand to fund its financial liabilities as they come due. The Company manages liquidity risk using cash and debt management programs.

The Company has access to cash equivalents and a range of funding alternatives at competitive rates through committed revolving bank credit facilities and debt capital markets. In June 2013, the Company extended the maturity date of its existing revolving bank credit facilities and reduced the Canadian facility from C\$4.0 billion to C\$3.5 billion. As at December 31, 2013, the Company had available unused committed revolving bank credit facilities totaling \$4.3 billion which include C\$3.5 billion (\$3.3 billion) on a revolving bank credit facility for Encana and \$999 million on a revolving bank credit facility for a U.S. subsidiary. The facilities remain committed through June 2018.

Encana also has unused capacity under a shelf prospectus for up to \$4.0 billion, or the equivalent in foreign currencies, the availability of which is dependent on market conditions, to issue up to \$4.0 billion of debt securities in the U.S. The shelf prospectus expires in June 2014.

The Company believes it has sufficient funding through the use of these facilities to meet foreseeable borrowing requirements.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

### 18. Financial Instruments and Risk Management (continued)

#### C) Risks Associated with Financial Assets and Liabilities (continued)

### Liquidity Risk (continued)

The Company minimizes its liquidity risk by managing its capital structure. The Company's capital structure consists of shareholders' equity plus long-term debt, including the current portion. The Company's objectives when managing its capital structure are to maintain financial flexibility to preserve Encana's access to capital markets and its ability to meet financial obligations and to finance internally generated growth as well as potential acquisitions. To manage the capital structure, the Company may adjust capital spending, adjust dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares, issue new debt or repay existing debt.

The timing of expected cash outflows relating to financial liabilities is outlined in the table below:

	Le	ess Than									
		1 Year	1	- 3 Years	4	- 5 Years	6	- 9 Years	•	Thereafter	Total
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$	1,895	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,895
Risk Management Liabilities		25		5		-		-		-	30
Long-Term Debt (1)		1,408		758		2,102		2,150		6,633	13,051

<sup>(1)</sup> Principal and interest.

#### Foreign Exchange Risk

Foreign exchange risk arises from changes in foreign exchange rates that may affect the fair value or future cash flows of the Company's financial assets or liabilities. As Encana operates primarily in North America, fluctuations in the exchange rate between the U.S. and Canadian dollars can have a significant effect on the Company's reported results. Encana's financial results are consolidated in Canadian dollars; however, the Company reports its results in U.S. dollars as most of its revenue is closely tied to the U.S. dollar and to facilitate a more direct comparison to other North American oil and gas companies. As the effects of foreign exchange fluctuations are embedded in the Company's results, the total effect of foreign exchange fluctuations is not separately identifiable.

To mitigate the exposure to the fluctuating U.S./Canadian dollar exchange rate, Encana maintains a mix of both U.S. dollar and Canadian dollar debt and may also enter into foreign exchange derivatives. As at December 31, 2013, Encana had \$5.4 billion in U.S. dollar debt issued from Canada that was subject to foreign exchange exposure (2012 - \$5.9 billion) and \$1.7 billion in debt that was not subject to foreign exchange exposure (2012 - \$1.8 billion). There were no foreign exchange derivatives outstanding as at December 31, 2013.

Encana's foreign exchange (gain) loss primarily includes unrealized foreign exchange gains and losses on the translation of U.S. dollar denominated debt issued from Canada, unrealized foreign exchange gains and losses on the translation of U.S. dollar denominated risk management assets and liabilities held in Canada and foreign exchange gains and losses on U.S. dollar denominated cash and short-term investments held in Canada. A \$0.01 change in the U.S. to Canadian dollar exchange rate would have resulted in a \$48 million change in foreign exchange (gain) loss as at December 31, 2013 (2012 - \$51 million).

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk arises from changes in market interest rates that may affect the fair value or future cash flows from the Company's financial assets or liabilities. The Company may partially mitigate its exposure to interest rate changes by holding a mix of both fixed and floating rate debt and may also enter into interest rate derivatives to partially mitigate effects of fluctuations in market interest rates. There were no interest rate derivatives outstanding as at December 31, 2013.

As at December 31, 2013, the Company had no floating rate debt. Accordingly, the sensitivity in net earnings for each one percent change in interest rates on floating rate debt was nil (2012 - nil).

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

## 19. Commitments and Contingencies

#### Commitments

The following table outlines the Company's commitments as at December 31, 2013:

**Expected Future Payments** (undiscounted) 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 Thereafter Total Transportation and Processing \$ 967 \$ 985 \$ 896 \$ 896 \$ 848 \$ 4,379 8,971 Drilling and Field Services 292 106 71 41 38 35 583 **Operating Leases** 47 43 38 31 28 38 225 Total \$ 1,306 \$ 1,134 \$ 1,005 \$ 968 \$ 914 \$ 4,452 9,779

# Contingencies

Encana is involved in various legal claims and actions arising in the course of the Company's operations. Although the outcome of these claims cannot be predicted with certainty, the Company does not expect these matters to have a material adverse effect on Encana's financial position, cash flows or results of operations. If an unfavourable outcome were to occur, there exists the possibility of a material adverse impact on the Company's consolidated net earnings or loss in the period in which the outcome is determined. Accruals for litigation and claims are recognized if the Company determines that the loss is probable and the amount can be reasonably estimated. The Company believes it has made adequate provision for such legal claims.