

# **Encana Corporation**

Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

For the period ended March 31, 2010

(U.S. Dollars)

# Consolidated Statement of Earnings (unaudited)

		Three Mor	nths E ch 31,	
(\$ millions, except per share amounts)		2010		2009
Revenues, Net of Royalties	(Note 3)	\$ 3,545	\$	3,682
Expenses	(Note 3)			
Production and mineral taxes		69		61
Transportation and selling		211		293
Operating		260		435
Purchased product		211		460
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		800		932
Administrative		82		79
Interest, net	(Note 6)	130		58
Accretion of asset retirement obligation	(Note 10)	12		17
Foreign exchange (gain) loss, net	(Note 7)	(144)		58
(Gain) loss on divestitures		(1)		(1)
		1,630		2,392
Net Earnings Before Income Tax		1,915		1,290
Income tax expense	(Note 8)	438		299
Net Earnings From Continuing Operations		1,477		991
Net Earnings (Loss) From Discontinued Operations	(Note 4)	-		(29)
Net Earnings		\$ 1,477	\$	962
Net Earnings From Continuing Operations per Common Share	(Note 12)			
Basic		\$ 1.97	\$	1.32
Diluted		\$ 1.97	\$	1.32
Net Earnings per Common Share	(Note 12)			
Basic		\$ 1.97	\$	1.28
Diluted		\$ 1.97	\$	1.28

# Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (unaudited)

	Three Mo Mar	onths E	
(\$ millions)	201	)	2009
Net Earnings	\$ 1,477	\$	962
Other Comprehensive Income, Net of Tax			
Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment	159		(271)
Comprehensive Income	\$ 1,636	\$	691

# Consolidated Balance Sheet (unaudited)

		As at	·l /	As at
		March 31,		
(\$ millions)		2010	:	2009
Assets				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 1,994	\$ 4,	,275
Accounts receivable and accrued revenues		1,109	1,	,180
Risk management	(Note 14)	1,318		328
Income tax receivable		204		-
Inventories		15		12
		4,640	5,	,795
Property, Plant and Equipment, net	(Note 3)	26,758	26,	,173
Investments and Other Assets		297		164
Risk Management	(Note 14)	544		32
Goodwill		1,700	1,	,663
	(Note 3)	\$ 33,939	\$ 33,	,827
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$ 2,100	\$ 2,	.143
Income tax payable		Ψ 2,100		,776
Risk management	(Note 14)	260	· ·	126
Current portion of long-term debt	(Note 14)	200		200
Out on portion or long term dest	(11010 9)	2,560		,245
Long-Term Debt	(Note 9)	7,604		,568
Other Liabilities	(Note 3)	1,327		,185
Risk Management	(Note 14)	23	· '	42
Asset Retirement Obligation	(Note 10)	807		787
Future Income Taxes	(11010-10)	3,831		,386
Tutale moonie Tuxes		16,152		,213
Shareholders' Equity		10,102	···	,
Share capital	(Note 12)	2,335	2.	,360
Paid in surplus	(Note 12)		[	6
Retained earnings		14,538	13.	,493
Accumulated other comprehensive income		914		755
Total Shareholders' Equity		17,787		,614
. ,		\$ 33,939		,827

# Consolidated Statement of Shareholders' Equity (unaudited)

		Three Mor		
(\$ millions)		2010		2009
Share Capital				
Balance, Beginning of Year		\$ 2,360	\$	4,557
Common Shares Issued under Option Plans	(Note 12)	4		2
Stock-Based Compensation	(Note 12)	2		1
Common Shares Purchased	(Note 12)	(31)		
Balance, End of Period		\$ 2,335	\$	4,560
Politic Country				
Paid in Surplus			_	
Balance, Beginning of Year		\$ 6	\$	-
Common Shares Purchased	(Note 12)	(6)		
Balance, End of Period		\$ -	\$	
Retained Earnings				
Balance, Beginning of Year		\$ 13,493	\$	17,584
Net Earnings		1,477		962
Dividends on Common Shares		(149)		(300)
Charges for Normal Course Issuer Bid	(Note 12)	(283)		_
Balance, End of Period		\$ 14,538	\$	18,246
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income				
Balance, Beginning of Year		\$ 755	\$	833
Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment		159		(271)
Balance, End of Period		\$ 914	\$	562
Total Shareholders' Equity		\$ 17,787	\$	23,368

# Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (unaudited)

		Three Mon		nded
(\$ millions)		2010		2009
Operating Activities				
Net earnings from continuing operations	\$	1,477	\$	991
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		800		932
Future income taxes (Note	8)	426		60
Unrealized (gain) loss on risk management (Note 1	4)	(1,363)		(111)
Unrealized foreign exchange (gain) loss		(169)		20
Accretion of asset retirement obligation (Note a	0)	12		17
(Gain) loss on divestitures		(1)		(1)
Other		(9)		37
Cash flow from discontinued operations		-		(1)
Net change in other assets and liabilities		(31)		15
Net change in non-cash working capital from continuing operations		(1,914)		(452)
Net change in non-cash working capital from discontinued operations		-		284
Cash From (Used in) Operating Activities		(772)		1,791
Investing Activities				
Capital expenditures (Note	3)	(1,048)		(1,524)
Proceeds from divestitures (Note	5)	146		33
Net change in investments and other		(123)		76
Net change in non-cash working capital from continuing operations		(15)		(86)
Discontinued operations		-		(283)
Cash From (Used in) Investing Activities		(1,040)		(1,784)
Financing Activities				
Net issuance (repayment) of revolving long-term debt		-		505
Issuance of common shares (Note 1	2)	4		2
Purchase of common shares (Note 1	2)	(320)		-
Dividends on common shares		(149)		(300)
Cash From (Used in) Financing Activities		(465)		207
Foreign Exchange Gain (Loss) on Cash and Cash				
Equivalents Held in Foreign Currency		(4)		(4)
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(2,281)		210
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Period		4,275		354
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Period	\$	1,994	\$	564
Cash (Rank Overdraft) End of Period		(22)		10
Cash (Bank Overdraft), End of Period  Cash Equivalents, End of Period		(23) 2,017		18 546
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Period	\$	1,994	\$	564
Cush and Cush Equitations, Line of Ferror	Ψ	1,334	Ψ	304

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

### 1. Basis of Presentation

The interim Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of Encana Corporation and its subsidiaries ("Encana" or the "Company"), and are presented in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). Encana's operations are in the business of the exploration for, the development of, and the production and marketing of natural gas and crude oil and natural gas liquids ("NGLs").

The interim Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared following the same accounting policies and methods of computation as the annual audited Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2009, except as noted below. The disclosures provided below are incremental to those included with the annual audited Consolidated Financial Statements. Certain information and disclosures normally required to be included in the notes to the annual audited Consolidated Financial Statements have been condensed or have been disclosed on an annual basis only. Accordingly, the interim Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the annual audited Consolidated Financial Statements and the notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2009.

On November 30, 2009, Encana completed a corporate reorganization (the "Split Transaction") to split into two independent publicly traded energy companies - Encana Corporation, a natural gas company, and Cenovus Energy Inc. ("Cenovus"), an integrated oil company.

Encana's 2009 comparative results in the Consolidated Statement of Earnings and Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows include Cenovus's upstream operations prior to the November 30, 2009 Split Transaction in continuing operations, while the U.S. Downstream Refining results are reported as discontinued operations.

# 2. Changes in Accounting Policies and Practices

On January 1, 2010, Encana adopted the following Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants ("CICA") Handbook sections:

- "Business Combinations", Section 1582, which replaces the previous business combinations standard. The standard requires assets and liabilities acquired in a business combination, contingent consideration and certain acquired contingencies to be measured at their fair values as of the date of acquisition. In addition, acquisition-related and restructuring costs are to be recognized separately from the business combination and included in the statement of earnings. The adoption of this standard will impact the accounting treatment of future business combinations entered into after January 1, 2010.
- "Consolidated Financial Statements", Section 1601, which, together with Section 1602 below, replace the former
  consolidated financial statements standard. Section 1601 establishes the requirements for the preparation of
  consolidated financial statements. The adoption of this standard had no material impact on Encana's
  Consolidated Financial Statements.
- "Non-controlling Interests", Section 1602, which establishes the accounting for a non-controlling interest in a subsidiary in consolidated financial statements subsequent to a business combination. The standard requires a non-controlling interest in a subsidiary to be classified as a separate component of equity. In addition, net earnings and components of other comprehensive income are attributed to both the parent and non-controlling interest. The adoption of this standard has had no material impact on Encana's Consolidated Financial Statements.

The above CICA Handbook sections are converged with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). Encana will be required to report its results in accordance with IFRS beginning in 2011. The Company is currently assessing the impact of the convergence of Canadian GAAP with IFRS on Encana's financial results of operations, financial position and disclosures.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

# 3. Segmented Information

The Company's operating and reportable segments are as follows:

- Canada includes the Company's exploration for, and development and production of natural gas, crude oil and NGLs and other related activities within the Canadian cost centre.
- USA includes the Company's exploration for, and development and production of natural gas, NGLs and other
  related activities within the United States cost centre.
- Market Optimization is primarily responsible for the sale of the Company's proprietary production. These
  results are included in the Canada and USA segments. Market optimization activities include third-party
  purchases and sales of product that provide operational flexibility for transportation commitments, product type,
  delivery points and customer diversification. These activities are reflected in the Market Optimization segment.
- Corporate and Other mainly includes unrealized gains or losses recorded on derivative financial instruments.

  Once amounts are settled, the realized gains and losses are recorded in the operating segment to which the derivative instrument relates.

Market Optimization sells substantially all of the Company's upstream production to third-party customers. Transactions between segments are based on market values and eliminated on consolidation. The tables in this note present financial information on an after eliminations basis.

In conjunction with the Split Transaction, the assets formerly included in Encana's Canadian Plains Division and Integrated Oil Division were transferred to Cenovus. As a result, the former Canadian Foothills Division is reported as the Canadian Division and the Canadian Plains Division and Integrated Oil - Canada are now presented as Canada - Other. Prior periods have been restated to reflect the new presentation.

Encana has a decentralized decision-making and reporting structure. Accordingly, the Company reports its divisional results as follows:

- Canadian Division, formerly the Canadian Foothills Division, which includes natural gas development and production assets located in British Columbia and Alberta, as well as the Deep Panuke natural gas project offshore Nova Scotia. Four key resource plays are located in the Division: (i) Greater Sierra in northeast British Columbia, including the Horn River shale play; (ii) Cutbank Ridge on the Alberta and British Columbia border, including the Montney formation; (iii) Bighorn in west central Alberta; and (iv) Coalbed Methane in southern Alberta.
- USA Division, which includes the natural gas development and production assets located in the U.S. Four key resource plays are located in the Division: (i) Jonah in southwest Wyoming; (ii) Piceance in northwest Colorado; (iii) East Texas in Texas; and (iv) Fort Worth in Texas. The USA Division is also focused on the development of the emerging Haynesville shale play located in Louisiana and Texas and the recent entrance into the Marcellus shale play located in Pennsylvania.
- Canada Other includes the combined results from the former Canadian Plains Division and Integrated Oil -Canada.

Operations that have been discontinued are disclosed in Note 4.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

# 3. Segmented Information (continued)

Results of Operations (For the three months ended March 31)

### **Segment and Geographic Information**

		Ca	ınada	l	JSA	Market Optimization			
	201	0	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009		
Revenues, Net of Royalties	\$ 72	0	\$ 1,883	\$ 1,208	\$ 1,174	\$ 228	\$ 492		
Expenses									
Production and mineral taxes		1	15	68	46	-	-		
Transportation and selling	4	5	170	166	123	-	-		
Operating	13	9	286	109	115	9	8		
Purchased product		-	(13)	-	-	211	473		
	53	5	1,425	865	890	8	11		
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	28	7	484	494	416	3	5		
Segment Income (Loss)	\$ 24	8	\$ 941	\$ 371	\$ 474	\$ 5	\$ 6		

	Corporate & Other							
		2010		2009		2010		2009
Revenues, Net of Royalties	\$	1,389	\$	133	\$	3,545	\$	3,682
Expenses								
Production and mineral taxes		-		-		69		61
Transportation and selling		-		-		211		293
Operating		3		26		260		435
Purchased product		-		-		211		460
		1,386		107		2,794		2,433
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		16		27		800		932
Segment Income (Loss)	\$	1,370	\$	80		1,994		1,501
Administrative						82		79
Interest, net						130		58
Accretion of asset retirement obligation						12		17
Foreign exchange (gain) loss, net						(144)		58
(Gain) loss on divestitures						(1)		(1)
						79		211
Net Earnings Before Income Tax						1,915		1,290
Income tax expense						438		299
Net Earnings from Continuing Operations					\$	1,477	\$	991

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

## 3. Segmented Information (continued)

## Results of Operations (For the three months ended March 31)

#### **Product and Divisional Information**

	Canadia	n Division	Canac	la - Other	Total					
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009				
Revenues, Net of Royalties	\$ 720	\$ 915	\$ -	\$ 968	\$ 720	\$ 1,883				
Expenses										
Production and mineral taxes	1	5	-	10	1	15				
Transportation and selling	45	37	-	133	45	170				
Operating	139	130	-	156	139	286				
Purchased product	-	-	-	(13)	-	(13)				
Operating Cash Flow	\$ 535	\$ 743	\$ -	\$ 682	\$ 535	\$ 1,425				

#### Canadian Division \*

	(	Gas		Oil 8	k N	GLs	0	ther	Total			
	2010		2009	2010		2009	2010	2009	2010		2009	
Revenues, Net of Royalties Expenses	\$ 629	\$	848	\$ 81	\$	57	\$ 10	\$ 10	\$ 720	\$	915	
Production and mineral taxes	1		4	-		1	-	_	1		5	
Transportation and selling	45		34	-		3	-	-	45		37	
Operating	130		120	6		6	3	4	139		130	
Operating Cash Flow	\$ 453	\$	690	\$ 75	\$	47	\$ 7	\$ 6	\$ 535	\$	743	

#### **USA** Division

	(	i	Oil 8	k N	GLs	0	ther		Total				
	2010		2009	2010		2009	2010		2009		2010		2009
Revenues, Net of Royalties Expenses	\$ 1,112	\$	1,118	\$ 61	\$	29	\$ 35	\$	27	\$	1,208	\$	1,174
Production and mineral taxes	62		43	6		3	-		-		68		46
Transportation and selling	166		123	-		-	-		-		166		123
Operating	84		82	-		-	25		33		109		115
Operating Cash Flow	\$ 800	\$	870	\$ 55	\$	26	\$ 10	\$	(6)	\$	865	\$	890

#### Canada - Other \*\*

	Gas				Oil & NGLs					ther	Total			
	2010		2009	20	010		2009		2010	2009	2010		2009	
Revenues, Net of Royalties	\$ -	\$	521	\$	-	\$	415	\$	-	\$ 32	\$ -	\$	968	
Expenses														
Production and mineral taxes	-		3		-		7		-	-	-		10	
Transportation and selling	-		11		-		117		-	5	-		133	
Operating	-		51		-		91		-	14	-		156	
Purchased product	-		-		-		-		-	(13)	-		(13)	
Operating Cash Flow	\$ -	\$	456	\$	-	\$	200	\$	-	\$ 26	\$ -	\$	682	

<sup>\*</sup> Formerly known as the Canadian Foothills Division.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Includes the operations formerly known as the Canadian Plains Division and Integrated Oil - Canada.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

### 3. Segmented Information (continued)

#### **Capital Expenditures (Continuing Operations)**

Three Months Ended

	Ma	March 31,		
	20	10	2009	
Capital				
Canadian Division	\$ 54	3 \$	537	
Canada - Other		-	318	
Canada	54	3	855	
USA	47	2	574	
Market Optimization		-	(3)	
Corporate & Other		5	19	
	1,02	0	1,445	
Acquisition Capital				
Canada	1	3	73	
USA	1	5	6	
		8	79	
Total	\$ 1,04	8 \$	1,524	

#### Property, Plant and Equipment and Total Assets by Segment

	Property, Plant and Equipment		Total A		As	sets	
		As	at		As	at	t
		March 31,	December 31,		March 31,		December 31,
		2010	2009		2010		2009
Canada	\$	11,809	\$ 11,162	\$	13,442	\$	12,748
USA		13,772	13,929		14,881		14,962
Market Optimization		125	124		166		303
Corporate & Other		1,052	958		5,450		5,814
Total	\$	26,758	\$ 26,173	\$	33,939	\$	33,827

In January 2008, Encana signed the contract for the design and construction of the Production Field Centre ("PFC") for the Deep Panuke project. As at March 31, 2010, Canada Property, Plant, and Equipment and Total Assets includes Encana's accrual to date of \$475 million (\$427 million at December 31, 2009) related to this offshore facility as an asset under construction.

In February 2007, Encana announced that it had entered into a 25 year lease agreement with a third party developer for The Bow office project. As at March 31, 2010, Corporate and Other Property, Plant and Equipment and Total Assets includes Encana's accrual to date of \$741 million (\$649 million at December 31, 2009) related to this office project as an asset under construction.

Corresponding liabilities for these projects are included in Other Liabilities in the Consolidated Balance Sheet. There is no effect on the Company's net earnings or cash flows related to the capitalization of The Bow office project or the Deep Panuke PFC.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

### 4. Discontinued Operations

As a result of the Split Transaction on November 30, 2009, Encana transferred its Downstream Refining operations to Cenovus. These operations have been accounted for as discontinued operations.

#### **Consolidated Statement of Earnings**

The following table presents the effect of discontinued operations in the Consolidated Statement of Earnings:

	7	Three Months Ended March 31,		
		2010	2009	
Revenues, Net of Royalties	\$	- \$	926	
Expenses				
Operating		-	118	
Purchased product		-	749	
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		-	51	
Administrative		-	6	
Interest, net		-	46	
		-	970	
Net Earnings (Loss) Before Income Tax		-	(44)	
Income tax expense (recovery)		-	(15)	
Net Earnings (Loss) From Discontinued Operations	\$	- \$	(29)	
Net Earnings (Loss) From Discontinued Operations				
per Common Share				
Basic	\$	- \$	(0.04)	
Diluted	\$	- \$	(0.04)	

### 5. Divestitures

#### **Divestitures**

Total year-to-date proceeds received on the sale of assets were \$146 million (2009 - \$33 million). The significant items are described below:

#### Canada and USA

In 2010, the Company completed the divestiture of non-core oil and natural gas assets for proceeds of \$9 million (2009 - \$33 million) in the Canadian Division and \$137 million (2009 - nil) in the USA Division.

6. Interest, Net			
	Three Mor	-	Ended
	 2010		2009
Interest Expense - Long-Term Debt	\$ 120	\$	118
Interest Expense - Other	12		(7)
Interest Income *	(2)		(53)
	\$ 130	\$	58

<sup>\*</sup> In 2009, Interest Income is primarily due to the Partnership Contribution Receivable which was transferred to Cenovus under the Split Transaction on November 30, 2009.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

# 7. Foreign Exchange (Gain) Loss, Net

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
		<b>2010</b> 200		
Unrealized Foreign Exchange (Gain) Loss on:				
Translation of U.S. dollar debt issued from Canada	\$	(171) \$	150	
Translation of U.S. dollar partnership contribution receivable				
issued from Canada *		-	(87)	
Other Foreign Exchange (Gain) Loss on:				
Monetary revaluations and settlements		27	(5)	
	\$	(144) \$	58	

<sup>\*</sup> The Partnership Contribution Receivable was transferred to Cenovus under the Split Transaction on November 30, 2009.

# 8. Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes is as follows:

Three Months Ended March 31, 2010 2009 Current 10 172 Canada 68 **United States** Other Countries (1) **Total Current Tax** 12 239 **Future** 426 60 438 299

# 9. Long-Term Debt

	March	at 31, 10	As at December 31, 2009
Canadian Dollar Denominated Debt Unsecured notes	\$ 1,2	31	\$ 1,194
U.S. Dollar Denominated Debt Unsecured notes	6,60	00	6,600
Increase in Value of Debt Acquired		52	52
Debt Discounts and Financing Costs	(*)	79)	(78)
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	(2)	00)	(200)
	\$ 7,60	)4	\$ 7,568

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

# 10. Asset Retirement Obligation

The following table presents the reconciliation of the beginning and ending aggregate carrying amount of the obligation associated with the retirement of oil and gas assets:

	As at		As at
	March 31,	[	December 31,
	2010		2009
Asset Retirement Obligation, Beginning of Year	\$ 787	\$	1,230
Liabilities Incurred	8		21
Liabilities Settled	(5)		(52)
Liabilities Divested	(10)		(26)
Liabilities Transferred to Cenovus	-		(692)
Change in Estimated Future Cash Outflows	1		74
Accretion Expense	12		71
Foreign Currency Translation	14		161
Asset Retirement Obligation, End of Period	\$ 807	\$	787

## 11. Capital Structure

The Company's capital structure consists of Shareholders' Equity plus Debt, defined as Long-term Debt including the current portion. The Company's objectives when managing its capital structure are to:

- maintain financial flexibility to preserve Encana's access to capital markets and its ability to meet its financial obligations; and
- ii) finance internally generated growth, as well as potential acquisitions.

The Company monitors its capital structure and short-term financing requirements using non-GAAP financial metrics consisting of Debt to Capitalization and Debt to Adjusted Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization ("Adjusted EBITDA"). These metrics are used to steward the Company's overall debt position as measures of the Company's overall financial strength.

Encana targets a Debt to Capitalization ratio of less than 40 percent. At March 31, 2010, Encana's Debt to Capitalization ratio was 30 percent (December 31, 2009 - 32 percent) calculated as follows:

	 As at		
	 March 31,	December 31,	
	2010	2009	
Debt	\$ 7,804	\$ 7,768	
Shareholders' Equity	17,787	16,614	
Capitalization	\$ 25,591	\$ 24,382	
Debt to Capitalization Ratio	30%	32%	

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

### 11. Capital Structure (continued)

Encana targets a Debt to Adjusted EBITDA of less than 2.0 times. At March 31, 2010, Debt to Adjusted EBITDA was 1.2x (December 31, 2009 - 1.3x) calculated on a trailing 12-month basis as follows:

	As at			
	 March 31,	Dec	ember 31,	
	2010		2009	
Debt	\$ 7,804	\$	7,768	
Net Earnings from Continuing Operations	\$ 2,316	\$	1,830	
Add (deduct):				
Interest, net	477		405	
Income tax expense	248		109	
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	3,572		3,704	
Accretion of asset retirement obligation	66		71	
Foreign exchange (gain) loss, net	(224)		(22)	
(Gain) loss on divestitures	2		2	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 6,457	\$	6,099	
Debt to Adjusted EBITDA	1.2x		1.3x	

Encana has a long-standing practice of maintaining capital discipline, managing its capital structure and adjusting its capital structure according to market conditions to maintain flexibility while achieving the objectives stated above. To manage the capital structure, the Company may adjust capital spending, adjust dividends paid to shareholders, purchase shares for cancellation pursuant to normal course issuer bids, issue new shares, issue new debt or repay existing debt.

The Company's capital management objectives, evaluation measures, definitions and targets have remained unchanged over the periods presented. Encana is subject to certain financial covenants in its credit facility agreements and is in compliance with all financial covenants.

### 12. Share Capital

	March 31, 2	March 31, 2010		, 2009
(millions)	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Common Shares Outstanding, Beginning of Year	751.3 \$	2,360	750.4 \$	4,557
Common Shares Issued under Option Plans	0.3	4	0.4	5
Common Shares Issued from PSU Trust	-	-	0.5	19
Stock-Based Compensation	-	2	-	1
Common Shares Purchased	(9.9)	(31)	-	-
Common Shares Cancelled	-	-	(751.3)	(4,582)
New Encana Common Shares Issued	-	-	751.3	2,360
Encana Special Shares Issued	-	-	751.3	2,222
Encana Special Shares Cancelled	-	-	(751.3)	(2,222)
Common Shares Outstanding, End of Period	741.7 \$	2,335	751.3 \$	2,360

#### **Normal Course Issuer Bid**

Encana has received regulatory approval each year under Canadian securities laws to purchase Common Shares under eight consecutive Normal Course Issuer Bids ("NCIB"). Encana is entitled to purchase, for cancellation, up to 37.5 million Common Shares under the renewed NCIB which commenced on December 14, 2009 and terminates on December 13, 2010. To March 31, 2010, the Company purchased 9.9 million Common Shares for total consideration of approximately \$320 million. Of the amount paid, \$6 million was charged to Paid in surplus, \$31 million was charged to Share capital and \$283 million was charged to Retained earnings. During 2009, there were no purchases under the current or prior NCIB.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

### 12. Share Capital (continued)

#### **Stock Options**

Encana has stock-based compensation plans that allow employees to purchase Common Shares of the Company. Option exercise prices approximate the market price for the Common Shares on the date the options were granted. Options granted under the plans are generally fully exercisable after three years and expire five years after the date granted. Options granted under predecessor and/or related company replacement plans expire up to 10 years from the date the options were granted.

As at March 31, 2010, Encana had 20,520 stock options (2009 - 351,740) outstanding and exercisable with a weighted average exercise price of C\$7.54 per stock option (2009 - C\$11.78). The weighted average remaining contractual life of the stock options is 0.5 years. These stock options do not have Tandem Share Appreciation Rights ("TSARs") attached.

#### **Encana Share Units Held by Cenovus Employees**

As part of the Split Transaction on November 30, 2009, each holder of Encana share units disposed of their right in exchange for the grant of new Encana share units and Cenovus share units. The terms and conditions of the new share units are similar to the terms and conditions of the original share units. Additional information is contained in Note 17 of the Company's annual audited Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2009.

Refer to Note 13 for information regarding share units held by Encana employees.

With respect to the Encana share units held by Cenovus employees and the Cenovus share units held by Encana employees, both Encana and Cenovus have agreed to reimburse each other for share units exercised for cash by their respective employees. Accordingly, for Encana share units held by Cenovus employees, Encana has recorded a payable to Cenovus employees and a receivable due from Cenovus. The payable to Cenovus employees and the receivable due from Cenovus is based on the fair value of the Encana share units determined using the Black-Scholes-Merton model (See Note 14). There is no material impact on Encana's net earnings for these share units held by Cenovus employees. No further Encana share units will be granted to Cenovus employees.

As Cenovus employees may exercise Encana TSARs and Encana Performance TSARs in exchange for Encana Common Shares, the following table is provided as at March 31, 2010:

Canadian Dollar Denominated (C\$)	Number of Encana Share Units (millions)	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Encana TSARs held by Cenovus Employees		
Outstanding, March 31, 2010	7.6	30.16
Exercisable, March 31, 2010	5.3	29.27
Encana Performance TSARs held by Cenovus Employees		
Outstanding, March 31, 2010	7.4	31.60
Exercisable, March 31, 2010	3.8	31.72

#### **Per Share Amounts**

The following table summarizes the Common Shares used in calculating Net Earnings per Common Share:

	Three Months Ended	
	Mar	ch 31,
(millions)	2010	2009
		_
Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding - Basic	748.7	750.5
Effect of Dilutive Securities	0.1	0.9
Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding - Diluted	748.8	751.4

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

### 13. Compensation Plans

The following tables outline certain information related to Encana's compensation plans at March 31, 2010.

As part of the Split Transaction on November 30, 2009, each holder of Encana share units disposed of their right in exchange for the grant of new Encana share units and Cenovus share units. The terms and conditions of the new share units are similar to the terms and conditions of the original share units. Share units include TSARs, Performance TSARs, Share Appreciation Rights ("SARs") and Performance SARs. Additional information is contained in Note 19 of the Company's annual audited Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2009.

Refer to Note 12 for information regarding new Encana share units held by Cenovus employees.

#### A) Tandem Share Appreciation Rights

The following table summarizes information related to the Encana and Cenovus TSARs held by Encana employees at March 31, 2010:

	Encana TS	SARs	Cenovus T	SARs
		Weighted		Weighted
		Average		Average
		Exercise		Exercise
Canadian Dollar Denominated (C\$)	Outstanding	Price	Outstanding	Price
Outstanding, Beginning of Year	12,473,214	28.85	12,482,694	26.08
Granted	4,064,545	32.89	-	-
Exercised - SARs	(1,241,454)	21.49	(1,104,386)	18.66
Exercised - Options	(85,884)	20.58	(83,641)	18.64
Forfeited	(81,459)	32.15	(94,455)	28.57
Outstanding, End of Period	15,128,962	30.56	11,200,212	26.84
Exercisable, End of Period	8,372,609	28.84	8,521,540	26.06

For the period ended March 31, 2010, Encana recorded a reduction of compensation costs of \$23 million related to the Encana TSARs and a reduction of compensation costs of \$13 million related to the Cenovus TSARs (2009 - reduction of compensation costs of \$18 million related to the outstanding TSARs prior to the November 30, 2009 Split Transaction).

### **B) Performance Tandem Share Appreciation Rights**

The following table summarizes information related to the Encana and Cenovus Performance TSARs held by Encana employees at March 31, 2010:

	Encana Perfo		Cenovus Perf	
	Outstanding	Weighted Average Exercise	Outstanding	Weighted Average Exercise
Canadian Dollar Denominated (C\$)	Outstanding	Price	Outstanding	Price
Outstanding, Beginning of Year	10,461,901	31.42	10,462,643	28.42
Exercised - SARs	(71,530)	29.40	(8,049)	26.52
Exercised - Options	(171)	29.04	(171)	26.27
Forfeited	(867,429)	31.33	(876,905)	28.33
Outstanding, End of Period	9,522,771	31.44	9,577,518	28.43
Exercisable, End of Period	5,228,877	31.39	5,284,426	28.37

For the period ended March 31, 2010, Encana recorded a reduction of compensation costs of \$11 million related to the Encana Performance TSARs and a reduction of compensation costs of \$7 million related to the Cenovus Performance TSARs (2009 - reduction of compensation costs of \$3 million related to the outstanding Performance TSARs prior to the November 30, 2009 Split Transaction).

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

### 13. Compensation Plans (continued)

#### C) Share Appreciation Rights

Beginning in January 2010, U.S. dollar denominated SARs were granted to eligible employees. The terms and conditions are similar to the Canadian dollar denominated SARs.

The following table summarizes information related to the Encana and Cenovus SARs held by Encana employees at March 31, 2010:

,	Encana S	SARs	Cenovus S	ARs
		Weighted Average Exercise		Weighted Average
0 1 0 1 0	0		0	Exercise
Canadian Dollar Denominated (C\$)	Outstanding	Price	Outstanding	Price
Outstanding, Beginning of Year	2,343,485	33.75	2,323,960	30.55
Exercised	(7,399)	28.96	(990)	25.76
Forfeited	(28,570)	32.00	(28,570)	28.95
Outstanding, End of Period	2,307,516	33.79	2,294,400	30.58
Exercisable, End of Period	900,961	34.58	907,895	31.24

	Encana SA	ARs
		Weighted Average Exercise
U.S. Dollar Denominated (US\$)	Outstanding	Price
Outstanding, Beginning of Year	-	-
Granted	3,895,465	30.83
Outstanding, End of Period	3,895,465	30.83
Exercisable, End of Period	-	-

For the period ended March 31, 2010, Encana recorded a reduction of compensation costs of \$2 million related to the Encana SARs and a reduction of compensation costs of \$2 million related to the Cenovus SARs (2009 - nil related to the outstanding SARs prior to the November 30, 2009 Split Transaction).

#### D) Performance Share Appreciation Rights

The following table summarizes information related to the Encana and Cenovus Performance SARs held by Encana employees at March 31, 2010:

	Encana Perform	ance SARs	Cenovus Performance SAR			
		Weighted Average Exercise		Weighted Average Exercise		
Canadian Dollar Denominated (C\$)	Outstanding	Price	Outstanding	Price		
Outstanding, Beginning of Year	3,471,998	32.00	3,471,998	28.94		
Exercised	(4,846)	29.04	-	-		
Forfeited	(268,018)	32.13	(268,290)	29.06		
Outstanding, End of Period	3,199,134	31.99	3,203,708	28.93		
Exercisable, End of Period	1,141,172	33.30	1,146,858	30.10		

For the period ended March 31, 2010, Encana recorded a reduction of compensation costs of \$2 million related to the Encana Performance SARs and a reduction of compensation costs of \$2 million related to the Cenovus Performance SARs (2009 - nil related to the outstanding Performance SARs prior to the November 30, 2009 Split Transaction).

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

### 13. Compensation Plans (continued)

#### E) Performance Share Units ("PSUs")

In February 2010, Performance Share Units ("PSUs") were granted to eligible employees which entitle the employee to receive, upon vesting, a cash payment equal to the value of one Common Share of Encana for each PSU held, depending upon the terms of the amended PSU plan. PSUs vest three years from the date of grant, provided the employee remains actively employed with Encana on the vesting date.

The ultimate value of the PSUs will depend upon Encana's performance measured over the three year period. Each year, Encana's performance will be assessed by the Board of Directors (the "Board") to determine whether the performance criteria have been met. Based on this assessment, up to a maximum of two times the original PSU grant may be awarded. The respective proportion of the original PSU grant for each year will be valued, based on an average share price, and the notional cash value deposited to a PSU account, with payout deferred to the final vesting date.

The following table summarizes information related to the PSUs at March 31, 2010:

Canadian Dollar Denominated	Outstanding PSUs
Outstanding, Beginning of Year	
Granted	880,735
Units, in Lieu of Dividends	5,658
Forfeited	(5,750)
Outstanding, End of Period	880,643
Outstanding, End of Period	880,64

U.S. Dollar Denominated	PSUs
Outstanding, Beginning of Year	-
Granted	810,910
Units, in Lieu of Dividends	5,212
Forfeited	(2,220)
Outstanding, End of Period	813,902

For the period ended March 31, 2010, Encana recorded compensation costs of \$3 million related to the outstanding PSUs (2009 - nil).

#### F) Deferred Share Units ("DSUs")

The following table summarizes information related to the DSUs at March 31, 2010:

Canadian Dollar Denominated	Outstanding DSUs
Outstanding, Beginning of Year	672,147
Granted	81,056
Converted from HPR awards	21,732
Units, in Lieu of Dividends	5,004
Outstanding, End of Period	779,939

For the period ended March 31, 2010, Encana recorded compensation costs of \$1 million related to the outstanding DSUs (2009 - nil).

#### G) Pensions

Encana's net benefit plan expense for the three months ended March 31, 2010 was \$15 million (2009 - \$19 million). Encana's contribution to the defined benefit pension plans for the three months ended March 31, 2010 was \$2 million (2009 - nil).

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

#### 14. Financial Instruments and Risk Management

Encana's financial assets and liabilities include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accrued revenues, investments and other assets, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, risk management assets and liabilities and long-term debt. Risk management assets and liabilities arise from the use of derivative financial instruments. Fair values of financial assets and liabilities, summarized information related to risk management positions, and discussion of risks associated with financial assets and liabilities are presented as follows:

#### A) Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

The fair values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accrued revenues, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their carrying amount due to the short-term maturity of those instruments except for the amounts associated with new share units issued as part of the November 30, 2009 Split Transaction as discussed in Notes 12 and 13.

Risk management assets and liabilities are recorded at their estimated fair value based on the mark-to-market method of accounting, using quoted market prices or, in their absence, third-party market indications and forecasts.

The fair value of investments and other assets approximate their carrying amount due to the nature of the instruments held.

Long-term debt is carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method of amortization. The estimated fair values of long-term borrowings have been determined based on market information where available, or by discounting future payments of interest and principal at estimated interest rates expected to be available to the Company at period end.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities were as follows:

	As at March 31, 2010			As at					
				December 31, 2009			, 2009		
		Carrying		Fair		Carrying		Fair	
		Amount		Value		Amount		Value	
Financial Assets									
Held-for-Trading:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,994	\$	1,994	\$	4,275	\$	4,275	
Accounts receivable and accrued revenues (1)		55		55		75		75	
Risk management assets (2)		1,862		1,862		360		360	
Investments and other assets		135		135		-		-	
Loans and Receivables:									
Accounts receivable and accrued revenues		1,054		1,054		1,105		1,105	
Financial Liabilities									
Held-for-Trading:									
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (3), (4)	\$	103	\$	103	\$	155	\$	155	
Risk management liabilities (2)		283		283		168		168	
Other Financial Liabilities:									
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		1,997		1,997		1,988		1,988	
Long-term debt (2)		7,804		8,530		7,768		8,527	

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents amounts due from Cenovus for Encana share units held by Cenovus employees (See Note 12).

#### B) Risk Management Assets and Liabilities

Net Risk Management Position		As at		
	March 31,	December 31,		
	2010	2009		
Risk Management				
Current asset	\$ 1,318	\$ 328		
Long-term asset	544	32		
	1,862	360		
Risk Management				
Current liability	260	126		
Long-term liability	23	42		
	283	168		
Net Risk Management Asset	\$ 1,579	\$ 192		

<sup>(2)</sup> Including current portion.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes amounts due to Cenovus employees for Encana share units held (See Note 12).

<sup>(4)</sup> Includes amounts due to Cenovus for Cenovus share units held by Encana employees (See Notes 12 and 13).

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

## 14. Financial Instruments and Risk Management (continued)

#### B) Risk Management Assets and Liabilities (continued)

#### **Summary of Unrealized Risk Management Positions**

		As at March 31, 2010 Risk Management				As at December 31, 2009						
							Risk Management					
	_		Asset		Liability	Net		Asset		Liability		Net
Commodity Prices												
Natural gas		\$	1,804	\$	201	\$ 1,603	\$	298	\$	88	\$	210
Crude oil			58		70	(12)		62		72		(10)
Power			-		12	(12)		-		8		(8)
Total Fair Value	5	\$	1,862	\$	283	\$ 1,579	\$	360	\$	168	\$	192

#### Net Fair Value Methodologies Used to Calculate Unrealized Risk Management Positions

The total net fair value of Encana's unrealized risk management positions is \$1,579 million as at March 31, 2010 (\$192 million as at December 31, 2009) and has been calculated using both quoted prices in active markets and observable market-corroborated data.

#### Net Fair Value of Commodity Price Positions at March 31, 2010

	Notional Volumes	Term	Average Price	 air Value
Natural Gas Contracts Fixed Price Contracts				
NYMEX Fixed Price	1,974 MMcf/d	2010	6.01 US\$/Mcf	\$ 990
NYMEX Fixed Price	935 MMcf/d	2011	6.52 US\$/Mcf	397
NYMEX Fixed Price	1,040 MMcf/d	2012	6.46 US\$/Mcf	250
Basis Contracts *				
Canada		2010		(4)
United States		2010		5
Canada and United States		2011-2013		(36)
				1,602
Other Financial Positions **				1
Natural Gas Fair Value Position		•		\$ 1,603

<sup>\*</sup> Encana has entered into swaps to protect against widening natural gas price differentials between production areas, including Canada, the U.S. Rockies and Texas, and various sales points. These basis swaps are priced using both fixed prices and basis prices determined as a percentage of NYMEX.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Other financial positions are part of the ongoing operations of the Company's proprietary production management.

	Notional Volumes	Term	Average Price	F	air Value
Crude Oil Contracts					
Fixed Price Contracts					
WTI NYMEX Fixed Price	5,400 bbls/d	2010	76.99 US\$/bbl	\$	(12)
Crude Oil Fair Value Position				\$	(12)
				Fa	ir Value
Power Purchase Contracts					
Power Fair Value Position				\$	(12)

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

### 14. Financial Instruments and Risk Management (continued)

#### B) Risk Management Assets and Liabilities (continued)

#### Earnings Impact of Realized and Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Risk Management Positions

		Realized Gain (Loss) Three Months Ended March 31,		
		201	)	2009
Revenues, Net of Royalties		\$ 188	\$	1,069
Operating Expenses and Other		(2	)	(24)
Gain (Loss) on Risk Management		\$ 186	\$	1,045

		Unrealized Gain (Loss)			
	_	Three Months Ended			
	_	March 31,			
	_		2010		2009
Revenues, Net of Royalties Operating Expenses and Other		\$	1,367 (4)	\$	133 (22)
Gain (Loss) on Risk Management		\$	1,363	\$	111

#### Reconciliation of Unrealized Risk Management Positions from January 1 to March 31, 2010

	2010				2009	
			Total		Total	
			Unrealized		Unrealized	
		Fair Value	Gain (Loss)		Gain (Loss)	
Fair Value of Contracts, Beginning of Year	\$	192				
Change in Fair Value of Contracts in Place at Beginning of Year						
and Contracts Entered into During the Period		1,549	\$ 1,549	\$	1,156	
Settlement of Contracts Transferred to Cenovus		24	-		-	
Fair Value of Contracts Realized During the Period		(186)	(186)		(1,045)	
Fair Value of Contracts, End of Period	\$	1,579	\$ 1,363	\$	111	

#### **Commodity Price Sensitivities**

The following table summarizes the sensitivity of the fair value of the Company's risk management positions to fluctuations in commodity prices, with all other variables held constant. The Company has used a 10 percent variability to assess the potential impact of commodity price changes. Fluctuations in commodity prices could have resulted in unrealized gains (losses) impacting pre-tax net earnings as at March 31, 2010 as follows:

	10% Price Increase	10% Price Decrease
Natural gas price	\$ (635)	\$ 635
Crude oil price	(13)	13
Power price	5	(5)

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

### 14. Financial Instruments and Risk Management (continued)

#### C) Risks Associated with Financial Assets and Liabilities

The Company is exposed to financial risks arising from its financial assets and liabilities. Financial risks include market risks (such as commodity prices, foreign exchange and interest rates), credit risk and liquidity risk. The fair value or future cash flows of financial assets or liabilities may fluctuate due to movement in market prices and the exposure to credit and liquidity risks.

#### **Commodity Price Risk**

Commodity price risk arises from the effect that fluctuations of future commodity prices may have on the fair value or future cash flows of financial assets and liabilities. To partially mitigate exposure to commodity price risk, the Company has entered into various financial derivative instruments. The use of these derivative instruments is governed under formal policies and is subject to limits established by the Board. The Company's policy is to not use derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

Natural Gas - To partially mitigate the natural gas commodity price risk, the Company has entered into swaps which fix the NYMEX prices. To help protect against widening natural gas price differentials in various production areas, Encana has entered into swaps to manage the price differentials between these production areas and various sales points.

Crude Oil - The Company has partially mitigated its commodity price risk on crude oil with swaps which fix WTI NYMEX prices.

Power - The Company has in place two Canadian dollar denominated derivative contracts, which commenced January 1, 2007 for a period of 11 years, to manage its electricity consumption costs.

#### **Credit Risk**

Credit risk arises from the potential that the Company may incur a loss if a counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its obligation in accordance with agreed terms. This credit risk exposure is mitigated through the use of Board-approved credit policies governing the Company's credit portfolio and with credit practices that limit transactions according to counterparties' credit quality. At March 31, 2010, cash equivalents include high-grade, short-term securities, placed primarily with Governments and financial institutions with strong investment grade ratings. Any foreign currency agreements entered into are with major financial institutions in Canada and the United States or with counterparties having investment grade credit ratings. A substantial portion of the Company's accounts receivable are with customers in the oil and gas industry and are subject to normal industry credit risks. As at March 31, 2010, approximately 97 percent (93 percent at December 31, 2009) of Encana's accounts receivable and financial derivative credit exposures are with investment grade counterparties.

At March 31, 2010, Encana had four counterparties (2009 - two counterparties) whose net settlement position individually account for more than 10 percent of the fair value of the outstanding in-the-money net financial instrument contracts by counterparty. The maximum credit risk exposure associated with accounts receivable and accrued revenues, risk management assets is the total carrying value.

#### **Liquidity Risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk the Company will encounter difficulties in meeting a demand to fund its financial liabilities as they come due. The Company manages its liquidity risk through cash and debt management. As disclosed in Note 11, Encana targets a Debt to Capitalization ratio of less than 40 percent and a Debt to Adjusted EBITDA of less than 2.0 times to steward the Company's overall debt position.

In managing liquidity risk, the Company has access to a wide range of funding at competitive rates through commercial paper, capital markets and banks. As at March 31, 2010, Encana had available unused committed bank credit facilities in the amount of \$5.0 billion and unused capacity under shelf prospectuses, the availability of which is dependent on market conditions, in the amount of \$5.5 billion. The Company believes it has sufficient funding through the use of these facilities to meet foreseeable borrowing requirements.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

#### 14. Financial Instruments and Risk Management (continued)

#### C) Risks Associated with Financial Assets and Liabilities (continued)

Encana maintains investment grade ratings on its senior unsecured debt. As at March 31, 2010, Standard & Poor's Ratings Services has assigned a rating of "BBB+", Moody's Investors Service has assigned a rating of "Baa2", and DBRS Limited has assigned a rating of "A (low)". Each ratings service has assigned a "Stable" outlook. These credit ratings have remained unchanged since December 31, 2009.

The timing of cash outflows relating to financial liabilities are outlined in the table below:

	Less Than 1 Year		1 - 3 Years 4 - 5 Years		Thereafter		Total		
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$	2,100	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	2,100
Risk Management Liabilities		260		23		-	-		283
Long-Term Debt *		679		1,882		2,285	9,862		14,708

<sup>\*</sup> Principal and interest, including current portion.

Encana's total long-term debt obligations were \$14.7 billion at March 31, 2010. Further information on Long-Term Debt is contained in Note 9.

#### Foreign Exchange Risk

Foreign exchange risk arises from changes in foreign exchange rates that may affect the fair value or future cash flows of the Company's financial assets or liabilities. As Encana operates primarily in North America, fluctuations in the exchange rate between the U.S./Canadian dollar can have a significant effect on the Company's reported results. Encana's functional currency is Canadian dollars; however, the Company reports its results in U.S. dollars as most of its revenue is closely tied to the U.S. dollar and to facilitate a more direct comparison to other North American oil and gas companies. As the effects of foreign exchange fluctuations are embedded in the Company's results, the total effect of foreign exchange fluctuations are not separately identifiable.

To mitigate the exposure to the fluctuating U.S./Canadian exchange rate, Encana maintains a mix of both U.S. dollar and Canadian dollar debt. At March 31, 2010, Encana had \$5,600 million in U.S. dollar debt issued from Canada (\$5,600 million at December 31, 2009) subject to foreign exchange exposure.

Encana's foreign exchange (gain) loss primarily includes foreign exchange gains and losses on U.S. dollar cash and short-term investments held in Canada, unrealized foreign exchange gains and losses on the translation of U.S. dollar debt issued from Canada, unrealized foreign exchange gains and losses on the translation of U.S. dollar denominated risk management assets and liabilities held in Canada and, in the prior year, foreign exchange gains and losses on the translation of the U.S. dollar partnership contribution receivable issued from Canada. A \$0.01 change in the U.S. to Canadian dollar exchange rate would have resulted in a \$41 million change in foreign exchange (gain) loss at March 31, 2010 (2009 - \$4 million).

### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk arises from changes in market interest rates that may affect the fair value or future cash flows from the Company's financial assets or liabilities. Typically, the Company partially mitigates its exposure to interest rate changes by maintaining a mix of both fixed and floating rate debt.

At March 31, 2010, the Company had no floating rate debt. Therefore, the increase or decrease in net earnings for each one percent change in interest rates on floating rate debt was nil (2009 - \$15 million).

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

### 15. Contingencies

#### **Legal Proceedings**

The Company is involved in various legal claims associated with the normal course of operations. The Company believes it has made adequate provision for such legal claims.

### 16. Reclassification

Certain information provided for prior periods has been reclassified to conform to the presentation adopted in 2010.