

# **EnCana Corporation**

Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)
For the period ended December 31, 2008

(U.S. Dollars)

## ${\bf CONSOLIDATED\ STATEMENT\ OF\ EARNINGS\ (unaudited)}$

		Three M Dece	onths I mber 3		Twelve Months Ended December 31,			
(\$ millions, except per share amounts)		2008		2007	2008		2007	
REVENUES, NET OF ROYALTIES	(Note 5) \$	6,359	\$	5,875	\$ 30,064	\$	21,700	
EXPENSES	(Note 5)							
Production and mineral taxes		72		63	478		291	
Transportation and selling		422		352	1,704		1,264	
Operating		549		632	2,475		2,278	
Purchased product		2,466		2,704	11,186		8,583	
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		996		1,086	4,223		3,816	
Administrative		74		121	473		384	
Interest, net	(Note 8)	158		131	586		428	
Accretion of asset retirement obligation	(Note 13)	18		18	79		64	
Foreign exchange (gain) loss, net	(Note 9)	253		(233)	423		(164)	
(Gain) loss on divestitures	(Note 7)	1		22	(140)		(65)	
		5,009		4,896	21,487		16,879	
NET EARNINGS BEFORE INCOME TAX		1,350		979	8,577		4,821	
Income tax expense	(Note 10)	273		(28)	2,633		937	
NET EARNINGS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		1,077		1,007	5,944		3,884	
NET EARNINGS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS	(Note 6)	-		75	-		75	
NET EARNINGS	\$	1,077	\$	1,082	\$ 5,944	\$	3,959	
NET EARNINGS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS PER COMMON SHARE	(Note 17)							
Basic	\$	1.44	\$	1.34	\$ 7.92	\$	5.13	
Diluted	\$	1.43	\$	1.33	\$ 7.91	\$	5.08	
NET EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE	(Note 17)							
Basic	\$	1.44	\$	1.44	\$ 7.92	\$	5.23	
Diluted	\$	1.43	\$	1.43	\$ 7.91	\$	5.18	

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF RETAINED EARNINGS (unaudited)

		Twelve N	Ionth:	s Ended
		 Dece	mber	31,
(\$ millions)		2008		2007
RETAINED EARNINGS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		\$ 13,082	\$	11,344
Net Earnings		5,944		3,959
Dividends on Common Shares		(1,199)		(603)
Charges for Normal Course Issuer Bid	(Note 14)	(243)		(1,618)
RETAINED EARNINGS, END OF YEAR	_	\$ 17,584	\$	13,082

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (unaudited)

	Three Months		Twelve Months Ended				
	 December 3	,		December 3	31,		
(\$ millions)	2008	2007		2008	2007		
NET EARNINGS OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME, NET OF TAX	\$ 1,077 \$	1,082	\$	5,944 \$	3,959		
Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment	(1,448)	(110)		(2,230)	1,688		
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$ (371) \$	972	\$	3,714 \$	5,647		

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (unaudited)

	Twelve N	Ionths Ended		
	Dece	31,		
(\$ millions)	2008		2007	
ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME, BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$ 3,063	\$	1,375	
Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment	(2,230)		1,688	
ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME, END OF YEAR	\$ 833	\$	3,063	

 $See\ accompanying\ Notes\ to\ Consolidated\ Financial\ Statements.$ 

## CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (unaudited)

		As at December 31.	D.	As at
(\$ millions)		2008	De	ecember 31, 2007
(v.mmons)		2000		2007
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 383	\$	553
Accounts receivable and accrued revenues		1,568		2,381
Current portion of partnership contribution receivable		313		297
Risk management	(Note 18)	2,818		385
Inventories	(Note 11)	520		828
		5,602		4,444
Property, Plant and Equipment, net	(Note 5)	35,424		35,865
Investments and Other Assets		727		607
Partnership Contribution Receivable		2,834		3,147
Risk Management	(Note 18)	234		18
Goodwill	. ,	2,426		2,893
	(Note 5)	\$ 47,247	\$	46,974
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY  Current Liabilities  Accounts payable and accrued liabilities  Income tax payable  Current portion of partnership contribution payable  Risk management  Current portion of long-term debt	(Note 18) (Note 12)	\$ 2,871 424 306 43 250	\$	3,982 1,150 288 207 703
Current portion of long-term deof	(Note 12)	3,894		6,330
Long-Term Debt	(Note 12)	8,755		8,840
Other Liabilities	(11010 12)	576		242
Partnership Contribution Payable		2,857		3.163
Risk Management	(Note 18)	7		29
Asset Retirement Obligation	(Note 13)	1,265		1,458
Future Income Taxes	(11010 13)	6,919		6,208
1 uture meonie 1 axes		24,273		26,270
Shareholders' Equity		24,273		20,270
Share capital	(Note 14)	4,557		4.479
Paid in surplus	(1voie 14)	7,337		80
Retained earnings		17,584		13,082
Accumulated other comprehensive income		833		3,063
Total Shareholders' Equity		22,974		20.704
Tour Shareholders Equity		\$ 47,247	\$	46,974

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (unaudited)

		Three Months December		Twelve Months Ended December 31,			
(\$ millions)		2008	2007	2008	2007		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Net earnings from continuing operations	\$	1,077 \$	1,007	\$ 5,944 \$	3,884		
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		996	1,086	4,223	3,816		
Future income taxes	(Note 10)	155	(608)	1,646	(617)		
Cash tax on sale of assets	(Note 10)	-	-	25	-		
Unrealized (gain) loss on risk management	(Note 18)	(1,090)	569	(2,729)	1,235		
Unrealized foreign exchange (gain) loss		268	(52)	417	41		
Accretion of asset retirement obligation	(Note 13)	18	18	79	64		
(Gain) loss on divestitures	(Note 7)	1	22	(140)	(65)		
Other	, ,	(126)	(108)	(79)	95		
Net change in other assets and liabilities		21	(21)	(262)	(16)		
Net change in non-cash working capital from continuing operations		723	280	(269)	(8)		
Cash From Operating Activities		2,043	2,193	8,855	8,429		
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Capital expenditures	(Note 5)	(1,885)	(4,408)	(8,254)	(8,737)		
Proceeds from divestitures	(Note 7)	311	(24)	904	481		
Cash tax on sale of assets	(Note 10)	-	()	(25)	-		
Net change in investments and other	( ,	(101)	(31)	(267)	(5)		
Net change in non-cash working capital from continuing operations		18	120	89	86		
Cash (Used in) Investing Activities		(1,657)	(4,343)	(7,553)	(8,175)		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Net issuance (repayment) of revolving long-term debt		(304)	1,090	(53)	181		
Issuance of long-term debt	(Note 12)	-	1,485	723	2,409		
Repayment of long-term debt	(11010 12)	_	(257)	(664)	(257)		
Issuance of common shares	(Note 14)	2	18	80	176		
Purchase of common shares	(Note 14)	-	-	(326)	(2,025)		
Dividends on common shares	(11010 17)	(300)	(150)	(1,199)	(603)		
Other		-	1	(1,177)	(005)		
Cash From (Used in) Financing Activities		(602)	2,187	(1,439)	(119)		
FOREIGN EXCHANGE GAIN (LOSS) ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS HELD IN FOREIGN CURRENCY		(23)	1	(33)	16		
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(239)	38	(170)	151		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD		622	515	553	402		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$	383 \$	553	\$ 383 \$	553		

 $See\ accompanying\ Notes\ to\ Consolidated\ Financial\ Statements.$ 

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

#### 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The interim Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of EnCana Corporation and its subsidiaries ("EnCana" or the "Company"), and are presented in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles. EnCana's operations are in the business of the exploration for, the development of, and the production and marketing of natural gas, crude oil and natural gas liquids ("NGLs"), refining operations and power generation operations.

The interim Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared following the same accounting policies and methods of computation as the annual audited Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2007, except as noted below. The disclosures provided below are incremental to those included with the annual audited Consolidated Financial Statements. The interim Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the annual audited Consolidated Financial Statements and the notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2007.

#### 2. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND PRACTICES

As disclosed in the December 31, 2007 annual audited Consolidated Financial Statements, on January 1, 2008, the Company adopted the following Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants ("CICA") Handbook Sections:

- "Inventories", Section 3031. The new standard replaces the previous inventories standard and requires inventory to be valued on a first-in, first-out or weighted average cost basis, which is consistent with EnCana's former accounting policy. The new standard allows the reversal of previous write-downs to net realizable value when there is a subsequent increase in the value of inventories. The adoption of this standard has had no material impact on EnCana's Consolidated Financial Statements.
- "Financial Instruments Presentation", Section 3863 and "Financial Instruments Disclosures", Section 3862. The new disclosure standard increases EnCana's disclosure regarding the nature and extent of the risks associated with financial instruments and how those risks are managed (See Note 18). The new presentation standard carries forward the former presentation requirements.
- "Capital Disclosures", Section 1535. The new standard requires EnCana to disclose its objectives, policies and processes for managing its capital structure (See Note 15).

#### 3. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

As of January 1, 2009, EnCana will be required to adopt the CICA Handbook Section 3064, "Goodwill and Intangible Assets", which will replace the existing Goodwill and Intangible Assets standard. The new standard revises the requirement for recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of intangible assets. The adoption of this standard should not have a material impact on EnCana's Consolidated Financial Statements.

In February 2008, the CICA's Accounting Standards Board confirmed that International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") will replace Canadian generally accepted accounting principles in 2011 for profit-oriented Canadian publicly accountable enterprises. EnCana will be required to report its results in accordance with IFRS beginning in 2011. The Company has developed a changeover plan to complete the transition to IFRS by January 1, 2011, including the preparation of required comparative information.

The key elements of EnCana's changeover plan include:

- determine appropriate changes to accounting policies and required amendments to financial disclosures;
- identify and implement changes in associated processes and information systems;
- comply with internal control requirements;
- · communicate collateral impacts to internal business groups; and
- educate and train internal and external stakeholders.

The Company is currently analyzing accounting policy alternatives and identifying implementation options for the corresponding process changes. EnCana will update its IFRS changeover plan to reflect new and amended accounting standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. As IFRS is expected to change prior to 2011, the impact of IFRS on the Company's consolidated financial statements is not reasonably determinable at this time.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

#### 4. PROPOSED CORPORATE REORGANIZATION

On May 11, 2008, EnCana announced its plans to split into two independent energy companies - one a North American natural gas company and the other a fully integrated oil company with in-situ oil properties and refineries supplemented by reliable production from various natural gas and crude oil resource plays.

The proposed corporate reorganization (the "Arrangement") would be implemented through a court approved Plan of Arrangement and is subject to shareholder approval. The Arrangement would result in two publicly traded entities with the names of Cenovus Energy Inc. ("Cenovus") and EnCana Corporation. Each EnCana shareholder would receive one share of each entity in exchange for each EnCana Common Share held. On October 15, 2008, EnCana announced the proposed Arrangement would be delayed until the global debt and equity markets regain stability.

#### 5. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company's reportable segments are as follows:

- Canada includes the Company's exploration for, and development and production of natural gas, crude oil and NGLs and other related activities within the Canadian cost centre.
- USA includes the Company's exploration for, and development and production of natural gas, NGLs and other related activities within
  the United States cost centre.
- **Downstream Refining** is focused on the refining of crude oil into petroleum and chemical products at two refineries located in the United States. The refineries are jointly owned with ConocoPhillips.
- Market Optimization is primarily responsible for the sale of the Company's proprietary production. These results are included in the
  Canada and USA segments. Market optimization activities include third-party purchases and sales of product that provide operational
  flexibility for transportation commitments, product type, delivery points and customer diversification. These activities are reflected in
  the Market Optimization segment.
- Corporate and Other mainly includes unrealized gains or losses recorded on derivative financial instruments. Once amounts are settled, the realized gains and losses are recorded in the operating segment to which the derivative instrument relates.

Market Optimization markets substantially all of the Company's upstream production to third-party customers. Transactions between segments are based on market values and eliminated on consolidation. The tables in this note present financial information on an after eliminations basis.

EnCana has updated its segmented reporting to present the upstream Canadian and United States cost centres and Downstream Refining as separate reportable segments. This results in EnCana presenting the Canadian portion of the Integrated Oil Division as part of the Canada segment. Previously, this was aggregated and presented in the Integrated Oil segment. Prior periods have been restated to reflect the new presentation.

EnCana has a decentralized decision making and reporting structure. Accordingly, the Company is organized into Divisions as follows:

- Canadian Plains Division includes natural gas production and crude oil development and production assets located in eastern Alberta and Saskatchewan.
- Canadian Foothills Division includes natural gas development and production assets located in western Alberta and British Columbia
  as well as the Company's Canadian offshore assets.
- USA Division includes the assets located in the United States and comprises the USA segment described above.
- Integrated Oil Division is the combined total of Integrated Oil Canada and Downstream Refining. Integrated Oil Canada includes the Company's exploration for, and development and production of bitumen using in-situ recovery methods. Integrated Oil Canada is composed of EnCana's interests in the FCCL Oil Sands Partnership jointly owned with ConocoPhillips, the Athabasca natural gas assets and other bitumen interests.

Operations that have been discontinued are disclosed in Note 6.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

## 5. SEGMENTED INFORMATION (continued)

Results of Continuing Operations (For the three months ended December 31)

## Segment and Geographic Information

	Canada         USA         Downstream           2008         2007         2008         2007         2008           \$ 1,961         \$ 2,220         \$ 1,273         \$ 1,178         \$ 1,497         \$           13         16         59         47         -         -							am Refining
		2008	2007		2008	2007	2008	2007
Revenues, Net of Royalties	\$	1,961 \$	2,220	\$	1,273 \$	1,178	\$ 1,497	\$ 2,206
Expenses								
Production and mineral taxes		13	16		59	47	-	-
Transportation and selling		287	265		135	87	-	-
Operating		280	338		136	154	117	111
Purchased product		(25)	(27)		-	-	1,960	1,915
		1,406	1,628		943	890	(580)	180
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		481	634		438	330	50	44
Segment Income (Loss)	\$	925 \$	994	\$	505 \$	560	\$ (630)	\$ 136

	Market Optimi	ization	Corporat	e & Other	Conso	lidated
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007
Revenues, Net of Royalties	\$ 543 \$	2007         2008         2007         2008           837         \$ 1,085         \$ (566)         \$ 6,359         \$           -         -         -         72         -         422         -         422         9         6         549         -         2,466         -         2,466         -         2,850         -         2,850         -         2,850         -         -         996         -         -         1,854         -         -         -         1,854         -         -         -         1,854         -	\$ 5,875			
Expenses						
Production and mineral taxes	-	-	-	-	72	63
Transportation and selling	-	-	-	-	422	352
Operating	18	9	(2)	20	549	632
Production and mineral taxes Transportation and selling Operating Purchased product  Depreciation, depletion and amortization egment Income (Loss) Administrative Interest, net Accretion of asset retirement obligation Foreign exchange (gain) loss, net (Gain) loss on divestitures	531	816			2,466	2,704
	(6)	12	1,087	(586)	2,850	2,124
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	3	6	24	72	996	1,086
Segment Income (Loss)	\$ (9) \$	6	\$ 1,063	\$ (658)	1,854	1,038
Administrative					74	121
Interest, net					158	131
Accretion of asset retirement obligation					18	18
Foreign exchange (gain) loss, net					253	(233)
(Gain) loss on divestitures					1	22
					504	59
Net Earnings Before Income Tax					1,350	979
Income tax expense					273	(28)
Net Earnings From Continuing Operations					\$ 1,077	\$ 1,007

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

## 5. SEGMENTED INFORMATION (continued)

Results of Continuing Operations (For the three months ended December 31)

## **Product and Divisional Information**

Canada :	Segmen
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	Canad	ian Plains	Canadian Foothills			Integrated Oil - Canada				Total			
	2008	2007	2008	3	2007	2008		2007		2008	2007		
Revenues, Net of Royalties	\$ 789	\$ 964	\$ 923	\$	1,017	\$ 249	\$	239	\$	1,961 \$	2,220		
Expenses													
Production and mineral taxes	10	11	3	3	5	-		-		13	16		
Transportation and selling	62	97	72	2	52	153		116		287	265		
Operating	99	128	131	l	152	50		58		280	338		
Purchased product	-	-		-	-	(25)	)	(27)		(25)	(27)		
Operating Cash Flow	\$ 618	\$ 728	\$ 717	7 \$	808	\$ 71	\$	92	\$	1,406 \$	1,628		

#### Canadian Plains Division

•	Gas		Oil	& NGLs	O	ther	Total		
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	
Revenues, Net of Royalties Expenses	\$ 506 \$	567	\$ 280	\$ 393	\$ 3	\$ 4	\$ 789	\$ 964	
Production and mineral taxes	4	3	6	8	-	-	10	11	
Transportation and selling	16	21	46	76	-	-	62	97	
Operating	50	65	48	62	1	1	99	128	
Operating Cash Flow	\$ 436 \$	478	\$ 180	\$ 247	\$ 2	\$ 3	\$ 618	\$ 728	

## Canadian Foothills Division

	Gas			Oil & NGLs			Other				Total			
	2008	2007		2008		2007		2008	2007		2008	2007		
Revenues, Net of Royalties	\$ 829	\$ 880	\$	84	\$	122	\$	10 \$	15	\$	923	\$ 1,017		
Expenses														
Production and mineral taxes	2	4		1		1		-	-		3	5		
Transportation and selling	43	50		3		2		26	-		72	52		
Operating	117	137		9		10		5	5		131	152		
Operating Cash Flow	\$ 667	\$ 689	\$	71	\$	109	\$	(21) \$	10	\$	717 5	\$ 808		

## USA Division

	Gas			Oil & NGLs				Other	Total				
	2008	20	07	2008		2007		2008	2007		2008		2007
Revenues, Net of Royalties Expenses	\$ 1,180	\$ 1,01	1 5	54	\$	99	\$	39 \$	68	\$	1,273	\$	1,178
Production and mineral taxes	54	4	0	5		7		-	-		59		47
Transportation and selling	135	8	7	-		-		-	-		135		87
Operating	86	9	5	-		-		50	59		136		154
<b>Operating Cash Flow</b>	\$ 905	\$ 78	9 !	\$ 49	\$	92	\$	(11) \$	9	\$	943	\$	890

#### Integrated Oil Division

					integrated (	JII DIVISIOII			
	 Oil *		Downs	tream	Refining	O	ther *	Т	otal
	2008	2007	200	8	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007
Revenues, Net of Royalties	\$ 219 \$	186	\$ 1,49	7 \$	2,206	\$ 30	\$ 53	\$ 1,746	\$ 2,445
Expenses									
Production and mineral taxes	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation and selling	146	108		-	-	7	8	153	116
Operating	37	36	11	7	111	13	22	167	169
Purchased product	-	-	1,96	)	1,915	(25)	(27)	1,935	1,888
Operating Cash Flow	\$ 36 \$	42	\$ (58	)) \$	180	\$ 35	\$ 50	\$ (509)	\$ 272

<sup>\*</sup> Oil and Other comprise Integrated Oil - Canada. Other includes production of natural gas and bitumen from the Athabasca and Senlac properties.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

## 5. SEGMENTED INFORMATION (continued)

Results of Continuing Operations (For the twelve months ended December 31)

## Segment and Geographic Information

	Canada			USA	Downstrear	n Refining
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007
Revenues, Net of Royalties	\$ 10,050 \$	8,308	\$ 5,629	\$ 4,372	\$ 9,011	\$ 7,315
Expenses						
Production and mineral taxes	108	102	370	189	-	-
Transportation and selling	1,202	947	502	307	-	-
Operating	1,333	1,204	618	595	492	428
Purchased product	(151)	(88)	-	-	8,760	5,813
	7,558	6,143	4,139	3,281	(241)	1,074
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	2,198	2,298	1,691	1,181	188	159
Segment Income (Loss)	\$ 5,360 \$	3,845	\$ 2,448	\$ 2,100	\$ (429)	\$ 915

	Market	Optim	ization	Corpor	ate &	Other	Cons	olida	ted
	2008		2007	2008		2007	2008		2007
Revenues, Net of Royalties	\$ 2,655	\$	2,944	\$ 2,719	\$	(1,239)	\$ 30,064	\$	21,700
Expenses									
Production and mineral taxes	-		-	-		-	478		291
Transportation and selling	-		10	-		-	1,704		1,264
Operating	45		37	(13)		14	2,475		2,278
Purchased product	2,577		2,858	-		-	11,186		8,583
	33		39	2,732		(1,253)	14,221		9,284
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	15		17	131		161	4,223		3,816
Segment Income (Loss)	\$ 18	\$	22	\$ 2,601	\$	(1,414)	9,998		5,468
Administrative							473		384
Interest, net							586		428
Accretion of asset retirement obligation							79		64
Foreign exchange (gain) loss, net							423		(164)
(Gain) loss on divestitures							(140)		(65)
							1,421		647
Net Earnings Before Income Tax							8,577		4,821
Income tax expense	 						2,633		937
Net Earnings From Continuing Operations							\$ 5,944	\$	3,884

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

## 5. SEGMENTED INFORMATION (continued)

Results of Continuing Operations (For the twelve months ended December 31)

## **Product and Divisional Information**

Canada S	segmen
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	Canadian I	Plains	Canadia	ın Fo	othills	Integrated Oil - C	Canada	Total		
	2008	2007	2008		2007	2008	2007	2	008	2007
Revenues, Net of Royalties	\$ 4,418 \$	3,652	\$ 4,355	\$	3,679	\$ 1,277 \$	977	\$ 10,	050 \$	8,308
Expenses										
Production and mineral taxes	74	63	33		39	1	-		108	102
Transportation and selling	392	345	239		201	571	401	1,	202	947
Operating	484	440	609		535	240	229	1,	333	1,204
Purchased product	-	-	-		-	(151)	(88)	(	151)	(88)
Operating Cash Flow	\$ 3,468 \$	2,804	\$ 3,474	\$	2,904	\$ 616 \$	435	\$ 7,	558 \$	6,143

## Canadian Plains Division

	Gas			Oil & NGLs				Other		Total			
	2008	200	7	2008		2007		2008	2007		2008	2007	
Revenues, Net of Royalties Expenses	\$ 2,301	\$ 2,186	s	2,106	\$	1,453	\$	11 \$	13	\$	4,418 \$	3,652	
Production and mineral taxes	36	34		38		29		-	-		74	63	
Transportation and selling	71	82		321		263		-	-		392	345	
Operating	241	221		239		215		4	4		484	440	
Operating Cash Flow	\$ 1,953	\$ 1,849	\$	1,508	\$	946	\$	7 \$	9	\$	3,468 \$	2,804	

## Canadian Foothills Division

	Gas			Oil & NGLs				Ot	her	Total			
	2008	2007	7	2008		2007		2008	2007		2008	2007	
Revenues, Net of Royalties Expenses	\$ 3,720	\$ 3,232	\$	578	\$	390	\$	57	\$ 57	\$	4,355	\$ 3,679	
Production and mineral taxes	28	36		5		3		-	-		33	39	
Transportation and selling	201	192		12		9		26	-		239	201	
Operating	549	482		39		33		21	20		609	535	
Operating Cash Flow	\$ 2,942	\$ 2,522	\$	522	\$	345	\$	10	\$ 37	\$	3,474	\$ 2,904	

## USA Division

								COLL	71 1 15	1011						
		(	Gas			Oil	& NC	GLs .		(	Other			Т	otal	
		2008		2007	2	800		2007		2008		2007		2008		2007
Revenues, Net of Royalties Expenses	\$	4,934	\$	3,765	\$	407	\$	309	\$	288	\$	298	\$	5,629	\$	4,372
Production and mineral taxes		334		167		36		22		-		-		370		189
Transportation and selling		502		307		-		-		-		-		502		307
Operating		352		323		-		-		266		272		618		595
Operating Cash Flow	S	3,746	\$	2.968	S	371	\$	287	\$	22	S	26	S	4.139	\$	3 281

#### Integrated Oil Division

					integrated (	JII DIVISIOII			
	Oil *		Dow	nstrear	m Refining	C	ther *	Γ	otal
	2008	2007	20	08	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007
Revenues, Net of Royalties	\$ 1,117 \$	738	\$ 9,0	11 \$	7,315	\$ 160	\$ 239	\$ 10,288	\$ 8,292
Expenses									
Production and mineral taxes	-	-		-	-	1	-	1	-
Transportation and selling	526	366		-	-	45	35	571	401
Operating	170	159	4	92	428	70	70	732	657
Purchased product	-	-	8,7	60	5,813	(151)	(88)	8,609	5,725
Operating Cash Flow	\$ 421 \$	213	\$ (2	41) \$	1,074	\$ 195	\$ 222	\$ 375	\$ 1,509

<sup>\*</sup> Oil and Other comprise Integrated Oil - Canada. Other includes production of natural gas and bitumen from the Athabasca and Senlac properties.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

## 5. SEGMENTED INFORMATION (continued)

#### Capital Expenditures (Continuing Operations)

	 Three Months En December 31,	Twelve Months Ended December 31,				
	 2008	2007	2008	2007		
Capital						
Canadian Plains	\$ 254 \$	288	\$ 847 <b>\$</b>	846		
Canadian Foothills	463	625	2,299	2,439		
Integrated Oil - Canada	162	194	656	451		
Canada	879	1,107	3,802	3,736		
USA	815	606	2,615	1,919		
Downstream Refining	168	53	478	220		
Market Optimization	6	1	17	6		
Corporate & Other	57	38	168	154		
	1,925	1,805	7,080	6,035		
Acquisition Capital						
Canadian Foothills	31	8	151	75		
Integrated Oil - Canada	-	-	-	14		
Canada	31	8	151	89		
USA	(71)	2,595	1,023	2,613		
	(40)	2,603	1,174	2,702		
Total	\$ 1,885 \$	4,408	\$ 8,254 \$	8,737		

On September 25, 2008, EnCana acquired certain land and property in Louisiana for approximately \$101 million before closing adjustments. The purchase was facilitated by an unrelated party, Brown Haynesville Leasehold LLC ("Brown Haynesville"), which holds the majority of the assets in trust for the Company in anticipation of a qualifying like kind exchange for U.S. tax purposes.

On July 23, 2008, EnCana acquired certain land and mineral interests in Louisiana for approximately \$457 million before closing adjustments. The purchase was facilitated by an unrelated party, Brown Southwest Minerals LLC ("Brown Southwest"), which holds the majority of the assets in trust for the Company in anticipation of a qualifying like kind exchange for U.S. tax purposes. On November 12, 2008, an unrelated party exercised an option to purchase certain interests as part of the above acquisition for approximately \$157 million, reducing the qualifying like kind exchange to approximately \$300 million.

Pursuant to the agreements with Brown Haynesville and Brown Southwest, EnCana operates the properties, receives all the revenue and pays all of the expenses associated with the properties. The arrangements with Brown Haynesville and Brown Southwest will be completed on March 24, 2009 and January 19, 2009 respectively and the assets will be transferred to EnCana at that time. EnCana has determined that each relationship with Brown Haynesville and Brown Southwest represents an interest in a Variable Interest Entity ("VIE") and that EnCana is the primary beneficiary of the VIE. EnCana has consolidated Brown Haynesville and Brown Southwest from the dates of acquisition.

On November 20, 2007, EnCana acquired certain natural gas and land interests in Texas for approximately \$2.55 billion before closing adjustments. The purchase was facilitated by an unrelated party, Brown Kilgore Properties LLC ("Brown Kilgore"), which held the majority of the assets in trust for the Company in anticipation of a qualifying like kind exchange for U.S. tax purposes. The relationship with Brown Kilgore represented an interest in a VIE from November 20, 2007 to May 18, 2008. During this period, EnCana was the primary beneficiary of the VIE and consolidated Brown Kilgore. On May 18, 2008, when the arrangement with Brown Kilgore was completed, the assets were transferred to EnCana.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

## 5. SEGMENTED INFORMATION (continued)

Property, Plant and Equipment and Total Assets by Segment

	Property, Plant a	and	Equipment	Total Ass	ets
	As	at		As at	
	December 31, 2008		December 31, 2007	December 31, 2008	December 31, 2007
Canada	\$ 17,105	\$	19,519	\$ 23,441 \$	27,014
USA	13,541		11,879	14,635	12,948
Downstream Refining	4,032		3,706	4,637	4,887
Market Optimization	140		171	429	478
Corporate & Other	606		590	4,105	1,647
Total	\$ 35,424	\$	35,865	\$ 47,247 \$	46,974

On February 9, 2007, EnCana announced that it had completed the next phase in the development of The Bow office project with the sale of project assets and has entered into a 25 year lease agreement with a third party developer. As at December 31, 2008, Corporate and Other Property, Plant and Equipment and Total Assets includes EnCana's accrual to date of \$252 million (2007 - \$147 million) related to this office project as an asset under construction.

On January 4, 2008, EnCana signed the contract for the design and construction of the Production Field Centre ("PFC") for the Deep Panuke project. As at December 31, 2008, Canada Property, Plant, and Equipment and Total Assets includes EnCana's accrual to date of \$199 million related to this offshore facility as an asset under construction.

Corresponding liabilities for these projects are included in Other Liabilities in the Consolidated Balance Sheet. There is no effect on the Company's net earnings or cash flows related to the capitalization of The Bow office project or the Deep Panuke PFC.

#### 6. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

## Midstream

The \$75 million gain on discontinuance in 2007 was the result of an expired clause included in the December 2005 sale of the Company's Midstream natural gas liquids processing operations. The clause provided potential market price support for the facilities and was accrued for in 2005.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

#### 7. DIVESTITURES

Proceeds received on the sale of assets and investments were \$904 million (2007 - \$481 million). The significant items are described below.

#### Canada

In 2008, the Company completed the divestiture of mature conventional oil and natural gas assets for proceeds of \$39 million (2007 - nil) in Canadian Plains and \$400 million (2007 - \$213 million) in Canadian Foothills.

In May 2007, the Company completed the sale of its assets in the Mackenzie Delta and Beaufort Sea for proceeds of \$159 million, which were credited to property, plant and equipment in the Canadian cost centre and reported in Canadian Foothills.

#### USA

In 2008, the Company completed the divestiture of mature conventional natural gas assets for proceeds of \$251 million (2007 - \$10 million).

### Corporate and Other

In September 2008, the Company completed the sale of its interests in Brazil for net proceeds of \$164 million, before closing ajdustments, resulting in a gain on sale of \$124 million. After recording income tax of \$25 million, EnCana recorded an after-tax gain of \$99 million.

In August 2007, the Company closed the sale of its Australia assets for proceeds of \$31 million resulting in a gain on sale of \$30 million. After recording income tax of \$5 million, EnCana recorded an after-tax gain of \$25 million.

In February 2007, the Company sold The Bow office project assets for proceeds of approximately \$57 million, representing its investment at the date of sale. Refer to Note 5 for further discussion of The Bow office project assets.

In January 2007, the Company completed the sale of its interests in Chad, properties that were in the pre-production stage, for proceeds of \$208 million which resulted in a gain on sale of \$59 million.

#### 8. INTEREST, NET

	7	Three Months	Ended	Twelve Months Ended			
	<u></u>	December 3	31,	December 31,			
		2008	2007	2008	2007		
Interest Expense - Long-Term Debt	\$	130 \$	129	\$ 556	\$ 460		
Interest Expense - Other *		80	66	246	244		
Interest Income *		(52)	(64)	(216)	(276)		
	\$	158 \$	131	\$ 586	\$ 428		

<sup>\*</sup> Interest Expense - Other and Interest Income are primarily due to the Partnership Contribution Payable and Receivable, respectively.

## 9. FOREIGN EXCHANGE (GAIN) LOSS, NET

		led	1 110	Ended		
 Decem			1,			
2008		2007	2008			2007
\$ 663	\$	(75)	\$	1,033	\$	(683)
(390)		22		(608)		617
(20)	(	(180)		(2)		(98)
\$ 253	\$ (	(233)	\$	423	\$	(164)
<b>\$</b>	\$ 663 (390) (20)	\$ 663 \$ (390) (20)	\$ 663 \$ (75) (390) 22 (20) (180)	\$ 663 \$ (75) \$ (390) 22 (20) (180)	\$ 663 \$ (75) \$ 1,033 (390) 22 (608) (20) (180) (2)	\$ 663 \$ (75) \$ 1,033 \$ (390) 22 (608) (20) (180) (2)

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

#### 10. INCOME TAXES

The provision for income taxes is as follows:

	Th	Three Months Ended December 31,				Twelve Months Ended December 31,			
		2008		2007		2008		2007	
Current									
Canada	\$	102	\$	415	\$	548	\$	900	
United States		11		163		396		647	
Other Countries		5		2		43		7	
Total Current Tax		118		580		987		1,554	
Future		155		(344)		1,646		(316)	
Future Tax Rate Reductions		-		(264)		-		(301)	
	\$	273	\$	(28)	\$	2,633	\$	937	

Included in current tax for 2008 is \$25 million related to the sale of assets in Brazil (2007 - nil).

The following table reconciles income taxes calculated at the Canadian statutory rate with the actual income taxes:

	,	Three Months		Twelve Months Ended December 31,		
		December 31, 2008 2007		2008	2007	
Net Earnings Before Income Tax	\$	1,350 \$	979 <b>\$</b>	8,577 \$	4,821	
Canadian Statutory Rate		29.7%	32.3%	29.7%	32.3%	
Expected Income Tax		400	316	2,544	1,557	
Effect on Taxes Resulting from:						
Statutory and other rate differences		(30)	40	167	76	
Effect of tax rate changes *		-	(264)	-	(301)	
Effect of legislative changes		-	52	-	(179)	
Non-taxable downstream partnership (income) loss		16	(30)	6	(70)	
International financing		(76)	(17)	(309)	(62)	
Foreign exchange (gains) losses not included in net earnings		(92)	`-	49	-	
Non-taxable capital (gains) losses		54	(80)	84	(124)	
Other		1	(45)	92	40	
	\$	273 \$	(28) \$	2,633 \$	937	
Effective Tax Rate		20.2%	(2.9%)	30.7%	19.4%	

<sup>\*</sup> The Canadian federal government, during the second quarter of 2007, enacted income tax rate changes.

11. INVENTORIES	As at December 31, 2008	December 31,
Product		
Canada	\$ 46	\$ 65
USA	8	2
Downstream Refining	323	570
Market Optimization	127	180
Parts and Supplies	16	11
	\$ 520	\$ 828

As a result of a significant decline in commodity prices in the latter half of 2008, EnCana has written down its product inventory by \$152 million from cost to net realizable value.

The total amount of inventories recognized as an expense during the year, including the write-down, was \$8,749 million (2007 - \$5,752 million).

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

12. LONG-TERM DEBT	As at	As at
	December 31,	December 31,
	2008	2007
Canadian Dollar Denominated Debt		
Revolving credit and term loan borrowings	\$ 1,410	\$ 1,506
Unsecured notes	1,020	1,138
	2,430	2,644
U.S. Dollar Denominated Debt		
Revolving credit and term loan borrowings	247	495
Unsecured notes	6,350	6,421
	6,597	6,916
Increase in Value of Debt Acquired *	49	66
Debt Discounts and Financing Costs	(71)	(83)
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	(250)	(703)
	\$ 8,755	\$ 8,840

<sup>\*</sup> Certain of the notes and debentures of EnCana were acquired in business combinations and were accounted for at their fair value at the dates of acquisition. The difference between the fair value and the principal amount of the debt is being amortized over the remaining life of the outstanding debt acquired, approximately 20 years.

On January 18, 2008, EnCana completed a public offering in Canada of senior unsecured medium term notes in the aggregate principal amount of C\$750 million. The notes have a coupon rate of 5.80 percent and mature on January 18, 2018.

## 13. ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATION

The following table presents the reconciliation of the beginning and ending aggregate carrying amount of the obligation associated with the retirement of oil and gas assets and refining facilities:

	As at	As at
	December 31,	December 31,
	2008	2007
Asset Retirement Obligation, Beginning of Year	<b>\$</b> 1,458	\$ 1,051
Liabilities Incurred	54	89
Liabilities Settled	(115)	(100)
Liabilities Divested	(38)	-
Change in Estimated Future Cash Flows	54	184
Accretion Expense	79	64
Foreign Currency Translation	(227)	163
Other	-	7
Asset Retirement Obligation, End of Year	\$ 1,265	\$ 1,458

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

#### 14. SHARE CAPITAL

	<b>December 31, 2008</b>			December 31, 2007			
(millions)	Number	Amount	Number		Amount		
Common Shares Outstanding, Beginning of Year	750.2 \$	4,479	777.9	\$	4,587		
Common Shares Issued under Option Plans	3.0	80	8.3		176		
Stock-Based Compensation	-	11	-		17		
Common Shares Purchased	(2.8)	(13)	(36.0)		(301)		
Common Shares Outstanding, End of Year	750.4 \$	4,557	750.2	\$	4,479		

#### Normal Course Issuer Bid

EnCana has received regulatory approval each year under Canadian securities laws to purchase Common Shares under seven consecutive Normal Course Issuer Bids ("Bids"). EnCana is entitled to purchase, for cancellation, up to approximately 75.0 million Common Shares under the renewed Bid which commenced on November 13, 2008 and terminates on November 12, 2009.

In 2008, the Company purchased 4.8 million Common Shares for total consideration of approximately \$326 million. Of the amount paid, \$29 million was charged to Share capital and \$297 million was charged to Retained earnings. Included in the Common Shares Purchased in 2008 are 2.0 million Common Shares distributed, valued at \$16 million, from the EnCana Employee Benefit Plan Trust that vested under EnCana's Performance Share Unit Plan (See Note 16). For these Common Shares distributed, there was a \$54 million adjustment to Retained earnings with a reduction to Paid in surplus of \$70 million.

In 2007, the Company purchased 38.9 million Common Shares for total consideration of approximately \$2,025 million. Of the amount paid, \$325 million was charged to Share capital and \$1,700 million was charged to Retained earnings. Included in the Common Shares Purchased in 2007 are 2.9 million Common Shares distributed, valued at \$24 million, from the EnCana Employee Benefit Plan Trust that vested under EnCana's Performance Share Unit Plan (See Note 16). For these Common Shares distributed, there was an \$82 million adjustment to Retained earnings with a reduction to Paid in surplus of \$106 million.

#### Stock Options

EnCana has stock-based compensation plans that allow employees to purchase Common Shares of the Company. Option exercise prices approximate the market price for the Common Shares on the date the options were granted. Options granted under the plans are generally fully exercisable after three years and expire five years after the date granted. Options granted under predecessor and/or related company replacement plans expire up to 10 years from the date the options were granted.

The following tables summarize the information related to options to purchase Common Shares that do not have Tandem Share Appreciation Rights ("TSARs") attached to them at December 31, 2008. Information related to TSARs is included in Note 16.

	Weighted
Stock	Average
Options	Exercise
(millions)	Price (C\$)
Outstanding, Beginning of Year 3.4	21.82
Exercised (2.9)	23.68
Outstanding, End of Year 0.5	11.62
Exercisable, End of Year 0.5	11.62

	Ou	Outstanding Options			Options
	·	Weighted			
	Number of	Average	Weighted	Number of	Weighted
	Options	Remaining	Average	Options	Average
	Outstanding	Contractual	Exercise	Outstanding	Exercise
Range of Exercise Price (C\$)	(millions)	Life (years)	Price (C\$)	(millions)	Price (C\$)
11.00 to 14.50	0.5	0.9	11.62	0.5	11.62

At December 31, 2007, the balance in Paid in surplus related to stock-based compensation programs.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

#### 15. CAPITAL STRUCTURE

The Company's capital structure is comprised of Shareholders' Equity plus Long-Term Debt. The Company's objectives when managing its capital structure are to:

- i) maintain financial flexibility to preserve EnCana's access to capital markets and its ability to meet its financial obligations; and
- ii) finance internally generated growth as well as potential acquisitions.

The Company monitors its capital structure and short-term financing requirements using non-GAAP financial metrics consisting of Debt to Capitalization and Debt to Adjusted Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization ("EBITDA"). These metrics are used to steward the Company's overall debt position as measures of the Company's overall financial strength.

To provide a more conservative measure of liquidity, the Company has changed its calculation of these metrics as follows: Net Debt to Capitalization has been changed to Debt to Capitalization and Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA has been changed to Debt to Adjusted EBITDA. Debt is defined as the current and long-term portions of Long-Term Debt. Previously, Net Debt was defined as Long-Term Debt plus Current Liabilities less Current Assets. The Company believes this presentation is more comparable between periods by excluding the impact of unrealized mark-to-market accounting gains and losses on working capital.

EnCana targets a Debt to Capitalization ratio of between 30 and 40 percent. At December 31, 2008, EnCana's Debt to Capitalization ratio was 28 percent (December 31, 2007 - 32 percent) calculated as follows:

		As at			
	December 3	1,	December 31,		
	20	8	2007		
Debt Table 1 1 1 1 5 1	\$ 9,00		9,543		
Total Shareholders' Equity Total Capitalization	22,97 \$ 31,97	_	20,704 30,247		
Debt to Capitalization ratio	289	+	32%		

Without giving effect to the change in calculation as described above, EnCana's Net Debt to Capitalization ratio would have been 23 percent at December 31, 2008 (December 31, 2007 - 34 percent).

EnCana targets a Debt to Adjusted EBITDA of 1.0 to 2.0 times. At December 31, 2008, Debt to Adjusted EBITDA was 0.7x (December 31, 2007 - 1.1x) calculated on a trailing twelve-month basis as follows:

	As at					
	December 31, 2008		December 31, 2007			
Debt	\$ 9,005	\$	9,543			
Net Earnings from Continuing Operations	\$ 5,944	\$	3,884			
Add (deduct):						
Interest, net	586		428			
Income tax expense	2,633		937			
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	4,223		3,816			
Accretion of asset retirement obligation	79		64			
Foreign exchange (gain) loss, net	423		(164)			
(Gain) loss on divestitures	(140)		(65)			
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 13,748	\$	8,900			
Debt to Adjusted EBITDA	0.7x		1.1x			

Without giving effect to the change in calculation as described above, EnCana's Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA would have been 0.5x at December 31, 2008 (December 31, 2007 - 1.2x).

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

#### 15. CAPITAL STRUCTURE (continued)

EnCana has a long-standing practice of maintaining capital discipline, managing its capital structure and adjusting its capital structure according to market conditions to maintain flexibility while achieving the objectives stated above. To manage the capital structure, the Company may adjust capital spending, adjust dividends paid to shareholders, purchase shares for cancellation pursuant to normal course issuer bids, issue new shares, issue new debt or repay existing debt.

The Company's capital management objectives, evaluation measures, definitions and targets have remained unchanged over the periods presented, except as noted above. EnCana is subject to certain financial covenants in its credit facility agreements and is in compliance with all financial covenants.

#### 16. COMPENSATION PLANS

The tables below outline certain information related to EnCana's compensation plans at December 31, 2008. Additional information is contained in Note 17 of the Company's annual audited Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2007.

#### A) Pensions

The following table summarizes the net benefit plan expense:

	1	Three Months Ender		Twelve Months Ended December 31,			
		2008	2007	2008	2007		
Current Service Cost	\$	3 \$	5	<b>\$</b> 15 \$	16		
Interest Cost		5	5	21	19		
Expected Return on Plan Assets		(5)	(5)	(19)	(19)		
Amortization of Net Actuarial Losses		1	1	4	4		
Expected Amortization of Past Service Costs		1	1	2	2		
Amortization of Transitional Obligation		(1)	(1)	(2)	(2)		
Expense for Defined Contribution Plan		14	9	44	34		
Net Benefit Plan Expense	\$	18 \$	15	\$ 65 \$	54		

For the year ended December 31, 2008, contributions of \$8 million have been made to the defined benefit pension plans (2007 - \$8 million).

#### B) Tandem Share Appreciation Rights ("TSARs")

The following table summarizes the information related to the TSARs at December 31, 2008:

Outstanding TSARs	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Canadian Dollar Denominated (C\$)	
Outstanding, Beginning of Year 18,854,141	48.44
Granted 4,420,272	70.11
Exercised - SARs (3,173,443)	43.68
Exercised - Options (82,936)	42.00
Forfeited (606,095)	55.27
Outstanding, End of Year 19,411,939	53.97
Exercisable, End of Year 8,452,111	46.45

For the year ended December 31, 2008, EnCana recorded a reduction of compensation costs of \$47 million related to the outstanding TSARs (2007 costs of \$225 million).

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

#### 16. COMPENSATION PLANS (continued)

### C) Performance Tandem Share Appreciation Rights ("Performance TSARs")

The following table summarizes the information related to the Performance TSARs at December 31, 2008:

Outstanding TSARs	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Canadian Dollar Denominated (C\$)	
Outstanding, Beginning of Year 6,930,925	56.09
Granted 7,058,538	69.40
Exercised - SARs (287,299)	56.09
Exercised - Options (5,123)	56.09
Forfeited (717,316)	59.65
Outstanding, End of Year 12,979,725	63.13
Exercisable, End of Year 1,461,276	56.09

For the year ended December 31, 2008, EnCana recorded a reduction of compensation costs of \$6 million related to the outstanding Performance TSARs (2007 - costs of \$21 million).

#### D) Share Appreciation Rights ("SARs")

In 2008, EnCana granted SARs to certain employees which entitles the employee to receive a cash payment equal to the excess of the market price of EnCana's Common Shares at the time of exercise over the grant price. SARs are exercisable at 30 percent of the number granted after one year, an additional 30 percent of the number granted after two years and are fully exercisable after three years and expire five years after the grant date.

The following table summarizes the information related to the SARs at December 31, 2008:

Outstanding SARs	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Canadian Dollar Denominated (C\$)	
Outstanding, Beginning of Year	-
Granted 1,314,115	72.07
Forfeited (29,050)	69.42
Outstanding, End of Year 1,285,065	72.13
Exercisable, End of Year -	_

For the year ended December 31, 2008, EnCana has not recorded any compensation costs related to the outstanding SARs.

#### E) Performance Share Appreciation Rights ("Performance SARs")

In 2008, EnCana granted Performance SARs to certain employees which entitles the employee to receive a cash payment equal to the excess of the market price of EnCana's Common Shares at the time of exercise over the grant price. Performance SARs vest and expire under the same terms and service conditions as SARs and are also subject to EnCana attaining prescribed performance relative to pre-determined key measures. Performance SARs that do not vest when eligible are forfeited.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

#### 16. COMPENSATION PLANS (continued)

The following table summarizes the information related to the Performance SARs at December 31, 2008:

	Outstanding SARs	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Canadian Dollar Denominated (C\$)		
Outstanding, Beginning of Year	-	-
Granted	1,677,030	69.40
Forfeited	(56,100)	69.40
Outstanding, End of Year	1,620,930	69.40
Exercisable, End of Year	-	-

For the year ended December 31, 2008, EnCana has not recorded any compensation costs related to the outstanding Performance SARs.

#### F) Deferred Share Units ("DSUs")

The following table summarizes the information related to the DSUs at December 31, 2008:

	Outstanding DSUs
Canadian Dollar Denominated	
Outstanding, Beginning of Year	589,174
Granted	85,792
Redeemed	(34,008)
Units, in Lieu of Dividends	15,883
Outstanding, End of Year	656,841

For the year ended December 31, 2008, EnCana recorded compensation costs of \$2 million related to the outstanding DSUs (2007 - \$14 million).

#### G) Performance Share Units ("PSUs")

The following table summarizes the information related to the PSUs at December 31, 2008:

	Outstanding	Average
	PSUs	Share Price
Canadian Dollar Denominated (C\$)		
Outstanding, Beginning of Year	1,685,036	38.79
Granted	408,686	70.77
Distributed	(2,042,541)	45.34
Forfeited	(51,181)	38.32
Outstanding, End of Year	-	-

For the year ended December 31, 2008, EnCana recorded compensation costs of \$1 million related to the outstanding PSUs (2007 - \$43 million).

#### 17. PER SHARE AMOUNTS

The following table summarizes the Common Shares used in calculating Net Earnings per Common Share:

		Thre	Twelve Month	ns Ended			
	March 31,	December	r 31,				
(millions)	2008	2008	2008	2008	2007	2008	2007
Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding - Basic	749.5	750.2	750.3	750.3	749.8	750.1	756.8
Effect of Dilutive Securities	3.5	1.1	1.0	1.0	5.3	1.7	7.8
Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding - Diluted	753.0	751.3	751.3	751.3	755.1	751.8	764.6

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

#### 18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

EnCana's financial assets and liabilities are comprised of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accrued revenues, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, the partnership contribution receivable and payable, risk management assets and liabilities, and long-term debt. Risk management assets and liabilities arise from the use of derivative financial instruments. Fair values of financial assets and liabilities, summarized information related to risk management positions, and discussion of risks associated with financial assets and liabilities are presented as follows.

#### A) Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

The fair values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accrued revenues, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their carrying amount due to the short-term maturity of those instruments.

The fair values of the partnership contribution receivable and partnership contribution payable approximate their carrying amount due to the specific nature of these instruments in relation to the creation of the integrated oil joint venture. Further information about these notes is disclosed in Note 10 to the Company's annual audited Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2007.

Risk management assets and liabilities are recorded at their estimated fair value based on the mark-to-market method of accounting, using quoted market prices or, in their absence, third-party market indications and forecasts.

Long-term debt is carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method of amortization. The estimated fair values of long-term borrowings have been determined based on market information where available, or by discounting future payments of interest and principal at estimated interest rates expected to be available to the Company at period end.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities were as follows:

	As at December 31, 2008			As at December 31, 2007			
	 Carrying		Fair	Carrying			Fair
	Amount	:	Value		Amount		Value
Financial Assets							
Held-for-Trading:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 383	\$	383	\$	553	\$	553
Risk management assets *	3,052		3,052		403		403
Loans and Receivables:							
Accounts receivable and accrued revenues	1,568		1,568		2,381		2,381
Partnership contribution receivable *	3,147		3,147		3,444		3,444
Financial Liabilities							
Held-for-Trading:							
Risk management liabilities *	\$ 50	\$	50	\$	236	\$	236
Other Financial Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2,871		2,871		3,982		3,982
Long-term debt *	9,005		8,242		9,543		9,763
Partnership contribution payable *	3,163		3,163		3,451		3,451

<sup>\*</sup> Including current portion.

### B) Risk Management Assets and Liabilities

Net Risk Management Position	As at December 31, 2008	As at December 31, 2007
Risk Management		
Current asset	\$ 2,818	\$ 385
Long-term asset	234	18
	3,052	403
Risk Management		
Current liability	43	207
Long-term liability	7	29
	50	236
Net Risk Management Asset (Liability)	\$ 3,002	\$ 167

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

#### 18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### B) Risk Management Assets and Liabilities (continued)

### **Summary of Unrealized Risk Management Positions**

	As at	December 31,	2008		As at	t Dec	ember 31, 2	007	
	 Ri	isk Manageme	nt		R	lisk N	Management		
	 Asset	Liabilit	y	Net	Asset		Liability		Net
Commodity Prices									
Natural gas	\$ 2,941	\$ 10	\$	2,931	\$ 375	\$	29	\$	346
Crude oil	92	40		52	6		205		(199)
Power	19	-		19	19		-		19
Interest Rates	_	-		-	2		-		2
Credit	_	-		-	1		2		(1)
Total Fair Value	\$ 3,052	\$ 50	\$	3,002	\$ 403	\$	236	\$	167

## Net Fair Value Methodologies Used to Calculate Unrealized Risk Management Positions

	As a	ıt	As at
	December 31	ι,	December 31,
	200	8	2007
Prices actively quoted	\$ 2,055	5 \$	\$ 105
Prices sourced from observable data or market corroboration	947	1	62
Total Fair Value	\$ 3,002	3	\$ 167

Prices actively quoted refers to the fair value of contracts valued using quoted prices in an active market. Prices sourced from observable data or market corroboration refers to the fair value of contracts valued in part using active quotes and in part using observable, market-corroborated data.

## Net Fair Value of Commodity Price Positions at December 31, 2008

	Notional Volumes Term Average Price		Fair Value			
Natural Gas Contracts						
Fixed Price Contracts						
NYMEX Fixed Price	1,648	MMcf/d	2009	9.28	US\$/Mcf	\$ 1,981
NYMEX Fixed Price	35	MMcf/d	2010	9.21	US\$/Mcf	23
Purchased Options						
NYMEX Call	(150)	MMcf/d	2009	11.67	US\$/Mcf	(22)
NYMEX Put	516	MMcf/d	2009	9.10	US\$/Mcf	536
Basis Contracts						
Canada	71	MMcf/d	2009			-
United States	917	MMcf/d	2009			111
Canada and United States *			2010-2013			193
						2,822
Other Financial Positions **						(1)
Total Unrealized Gain on Financial Contracts						2,821
Premiums Paid on Unexpired Options						110
Natural Gas Fair Value Position						\$ 2,931

<sup>\*</sup> EnCana has entered into swaps to protect against widening natural gas price differentials between production areas, including Canada, the U.S. Rockies and Texas, and various sales points. These basis swaps are priced using both fixed prices and basis prices determined as a percentage of NYMEX.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Other financial positions are part of the ongoing operations of the Company's proprietary production management.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

#### 18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### B) Risk Management Assets and Liabilities (continued)

Net Fair Value of Commodity Price Positions at December 31, 2008 (continued)

	Fai	r Value
Crude Oil Contracts		
Crude Oil Fair Value Position *	\$	52
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

<sup>\*</sup> The Crude Oil financial positions are part of the ongoing operations of the Company's proprietary production and condensate management and its share of downstream refining positions.

	Fair	r Value
Power Purchase Contracts		
Power Fair Value Position	\$	19

## Net Earnings Impact of Realized and Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Risk Management Positions

	Realized Gain (Loss)						
	Three Months Ended Twelve Months En					ded	
	 December 31, Decem				December	iber 31,	
	<b>2008</b> 2007			7 2008			2007
Revenues, Net of Royalties	\$ 646	\$	408	\$	(309)	\$	1,601
Operating Expenses and Other	30		(1)		28		3
Gain (Loss) on Risk Management	\$ 676	\$	407	\$	(281)	\$	1,604

	 Unrealized Gain (Loss)						
	 Three Months Ended Twelve Months En						
	 December	31,	December 31,				
	<b>2008</b> 2007			2008	2007		
Revenues, Net of Royalties Operating Expenses and Other	\$ 1,084 \$	(566) (3)	\$	2,717 \$ 12	(1,239)		
Gain (Loss) on Risk Management	\$ 1,090 \$	(569)	\$	2,729 \$	(1,235)		

## Reconciliation of Unrealized Risk Management Positions from January 1 to December 31, 2008

	200	2007	
		Total	Total
		Unrealized	Unrealized
	Fair Value	Gain (Loss)	Gain (Loss)
Fair Value of Contracts, Beginning of Year \$	167		
Change in Fair Value of Contracts in Place at Beginning of Year			
and Contracts Entered into During the Year	2,448	\$ 2,448	\$ 353
Fair Value of Contracts in Place at Transition that Expired During the Year	-	-	16
Foreign Exchange Loss on Canadian Dollar Contracts	(4)	-	-
Fair Value of Contracts Realized During the Year	281	281	(1,604)
Fair Value of Contracts Outstanding \$	2,892	\$ 2,729	\$ (1,235)
Premiums Paid on Unexpired Options	110		
Fair Value of Contracts and Premiums Paid, End of Year \$	3,002		

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

#### 18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### B) Risk Management Assets and Liabilities (continued)

#### **Commodity Price Sensitivities**

The following table summarizes the sensitivity of the fair value of the Company's risk management positions to fluctuations in commodity prices, with all other variables held constant. When assessing the potential impact of these commodity price changes, the Company believes 10% volatility is a reasonable measure. Fluctuations in commodity prices could have resulted in unrealized gains (losses) impacting net earnings as at December 31, 2008 as follows:

	Favorable 10% Change	Unfavorable 10% Change
Natural gas price	\$ 424	\$ (418)
Crude oil price	7	(7)
Power price	9	(9)

#### C) Risks Associated with Financial Assets and Liabilities

The Company is exposed to financial risks arising from its financial assets and liabilities. Financial risks include market risks (such as commodity prices, foreign exchange and interest rates), credit risk and liquidity risk. The fair value or future cash flows of financial assets or liabilities may fluctuate due to movement in market prices and the exposure to credit and liquidity risks.

#### **Commodity Price Risk**

Commodity price risk arises from the effect that fluctuations of future commodity prices may have on the fair value or future cash flows of financial assets and liabilities. To partially mitigate exposure to commodity price risk, the Company has entered into various financial derivative instruments. The use of these derivative instruments is governed under formal policies and is subject to limits established by the Board of Directors. The Company's policy is to not use derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

Natural Gas - To partially mitigate the natural gas commodity price risk, the Company has entered into option contracts and swaps, which fix the NYMEX prices. To help protect against widening natural gas price differentials in various production areas, EnCana has entered into swaps to manage the price differentials between these production areas and various sales points.

Crude Oil - The Company has partially mitigated its exposure to commodity price risk on its condensate supply with fixed price swaps.

Power - The Company has in place two Canadian dollar denominated derivative contracts, which commenced January 1, 2007 for a period of 11 years, to manage its electricity consumption costs.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk arises from the potential the Company may incur a loss if a counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its obligation in accordance with agreed terms. This credit risk exposure is mitigated through the use of Board-approved credit policies governing the Company's credit portfolio and with credit practices that limit transactions according to counterparties' credit quality. All foreign currency agreements are with major financial institutions in Canada and the United States or with counterparties having investment grade credit ratings. A substantial portion of the Company's accounts receivable are with customers in the oil and gas industry and are subject to normal industry credit risks. As at December 31, 2008, over 95% of EnCana's accounts receivable and financial derivative credit exposures are with investment grade counterparties.

At December 31, 2008, EnCana had 2 counterparties whose net settlement position individually account for more than 10 percent of the fair value of the outstanding in-the-money net financial instrument contracts by counterparty. The maximum credit risk exposure associated with accounts receivable and accrued revenues, risk management assets and the partnership contribution receivable is the total carrying value.

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

#### 18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### C) Risks Associated with Financial Assets and Liabilities (continued)

#### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk the Company will encounter difficulties in meeting a demand to fund its financial liabilities as they come due. The Company manages its liquidity risk through cash and debt management. As disclosed in Note 15, EnCana targets a Debt to Capitalization ratio between 30 and 40 percent and a Debt to Adjusted EBITDA of 1.0 to 2.0 times to steward the Company's overall debt position.

In managing liquidity risk, the Company has access to a wide range of funding at competitive rates through commercial paper, capital markets and banks. As at December 31, 2008, EnCana had available unused committed bank credit facilities in the amount of \$2.6 billion and unused capacity under shelf prospectuses, the availability of which is dependent on market conditions, for \$5.0 billion. The Company believes it has sufficient funding through the use of these facilities to meet foreseeable borrowing requirements.

EnCana maintains investment grade credit ratings on its senior unsecured debt. On May 12, 2008, following the announcement of the proposed Arrangement (See Note 4), Standard & Poor's Ratings Service assigned a rating of A- and placed the Company on "CreditWatch Negative", DBRS Limited assigned a rating of A(low) and placed the Company "Under Review with Developing Implications", and Moody's Investors Service assigned a rating of Baa2 and changed the outlook to "Stable" from "Positive".

The timing of cash outflows relating to financial liabilities are outlined in the table below:

	Less	Less Than 1 Year		1 - 3 Years	4 - 5 Years	Thereafter	Total	
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$	2,871	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	2,871	
Risk Management Liabilities		43		7	-	-	50	
Long-Term Debt *		727		1,589	3,344	10,392	16,052	
Partnership Contribution Payable *		489		978	978	1,588	4,033	

<sup>\*</sup> Principal and interest, including current portion.

Included in EnCana's total long-term debt obligations of \$16,052 million at December 31, 2008 are \$1,657 million in principal obligations related to Bankers' Acceptances, Commercial Paper and LIBOR loans. These amounts are fully supported and Management expects that they will continue to be supported by revolving credit and term loan facilities that have no repayment requirements within the next year. The revolving credit and term loan facilities are fully revolving for a period of up to five years. Based on the current maturity dates of the credit facilities, these amounts are included in cash outflows for the period disclosed as 4 - 5 Years. Further information on Long-term Debt is contained in Note 12.

#### Foreign Exchange Risk

Foreign exchange risk arises from changes in foreign exchange rates that may affect the fair value or future cash flows of the Company's financial assets or liabilities. As EnCana operates primarily in North America, fluctuations in the exchange rate between the U.S./Canadian dollar can have a significant effect on the Company's reported results. EnCana's functional currency is Canadian dollars, however, the Company reports its results in U.S. dollars as most of its revenue is closely tied to the U.S. dollar and to facilitate a more direct comparison to other North American oil and gas companies. As the effects of foreign exchange fluctuations are embedded in the Company's results, the total effect of foreign exchange fluctuations are not separately identifiable.

To mitigate the exposure to the fluctuating U.S./Canadian exchange rate, EnCana maintains a mix of both U.S. dollar and Canadian dollar debt.

As disclosed in Note 9, EnCana's foreign exchange (gain) loss is primarily comprised of unrealized foreign exchange gains and losses on the translation of U.S. dollar debt issued from Canada and the translation of the U.S. dollar partnership contribution receivable issued from Canada. At December 31, 2008, EnCana had \$5,350 million in U.S. dollar debt issued from Canada (\$5,421 million at December 31, 2007) and \$3,147 million related to the U.S. dollar partnership contribution receivable (\$3,444 million at December 31, 2007). A \$0.01 change in the U.S. to Canadian dollar exchange rate would have resulted in an \$18 million change in foreign exchange (gain) loss at December 31, 2008.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk arises from changes in market interest rates that may affect the fair value or future cash flows from the Company's financial assets or liabilities. The Company partially mitigates its exposure to interest rate changes by maintaining a mix of both fixed and floating rate debt.

At December 31, 2008, the increase or decrease in net earnings for each one percent change in interest rates on floating rate debt amounts to \$12 million (2007 - \$14 million).

(All amounts in \$ millions unless otherwise specified)

#### 19. CONTINGENCIES

#### Legal Proceedings

The Company is involved in various legal claims associated with the normal course of operations. The Company believes it has made adequate provision for such legal claims.

#### Discontinued Merchant Energy Operations

During the period between 2003 and 2005, EnCana and its indirect wholly owned U.S. marketing subsidiary, WD Energy Services Inc. ("WD"), along with other energy companies, were named as defendants in several lawsuits, some of which were class action lawsuits, relating to sales of natural gas from 1999 to 2002. The lawsuits allege that the defendants engaged in a conspiracy with unnamed competitors in the natural gas markets in California in violation of U.S. and California anti-trust and unfair competition laws.

Without admitting any liability in the lawsuits, WD agreed to settle all of the class action lawsuits in both state and federal court for payment of \$20.5 million and \$2.4 million, respectively. Also, as previously disclosed, without admitting any liability whatsoever, WD concluded settlements with the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC") for \$20 million and of a previously disclosed consolidated class action lawsuit in the United States District Court in New York for \$8.2 million. Also, without admitting any liability whatsoever, WD concluded settlements with a group of individual plaintiffs for \$23 million.

The remaining lawsuit was commenced by E. & J. Gallo Winery ("Gallo"). The Gallo lawsuit claims damages in excess of \$30 million. California law allows for the possibility that the amount of damages assessed could be tripled.

The Company and WD intend to vigorously defend against this outstanding claim; however, the Company cannot predict the outcome of these proceedings or any future proceedings against the Company, whether these proceedings would lead to monetary damages which could have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, or whether there will be other proceedings arising out of these allegations.

#### 20. RECLASSIFICATION

Certain information provided for prior periods has been reclassified to conform to the presentation adopted in 2008.